



# THE Gleichen Call



Thirteenth Year, No. 28

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA. WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1919

## Edna May Shuster Dies From Terrible Burns

Young Girl Starts Fire with Coal Oil With Fatal Results

A very painful accident occurred last Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Shuster, resulting in the death of their nine-year-old daughter, Edna May, on Monday morning.

The family were seated at the supper table, when the little girl undertook to re-light the fire in the range by pouring coal oil on it. The fire suddenly blazed up, throwing the lids off the stove and blowing the top off the can the oil spilled over the child's dress. Three young men present at once wrapped her in a blanket to smother the flames, but her body was badly burned up her arm pits. She was brought to Gleichen at once and after Dr. Rose had done all he could to relieve her pain she was taken on to Calgary.

Although everything possible for the little sufferer was done she passed away Monday morning.

The deepest sympathy is felt for the bereaved parents and family in their great distress and sad bereavement.

## FRUIT GROWING IN QUEENSTOWN DISTRICT

BY JOHN GLAMBACK

Trees planted on the prairie have suffered very little from the last two years of extreme drought. With the exception of some willows all the trees in my various groves have come through in excellent shape. The reason for this is that after trees reach a certain height they hold a lot of snow, which lays among them until very late in the spring.

Strawberries gave promise of a great crop early in the spring, but after one picking the berries dried up on the plants. Strawberries need plenty of moisture, the same is true of red raspberries.

I had a big crop of gooseberries but best of all was the current crop. This part of Southern Alberta appears to be an ideal spot for currants and I had a fine lot of both red, yellow and black currants. The red one were especially fine berries.

A few years ago I bought some Perfection Current bushes. This famous plant won the berry medal in the State of New York and was also awarded the highest fruit prize given at the Pan-American Exposition. These currants are certainly dainties, bright red, about as large as a cherry and hangs in great clusters on the bush.

A couple of years ago I stated in The Call that I expected to live long enough to be able to exhibit apples at some future Gleichen fair. I am not ready to make good the boast, as unfortunately the tops of my largest apple trees were broken down by a 10-foot high snow bank last May, and the crab apple trees are too young to bear. But I still believe I shall make it.

This year for the first time I have grown and ripened both cherries and plums, two kinds of each.

My bushes are literally loaded down with sand cherries or Rocky Mountain cherries. These are a small black cherry that tastes

(Continued page 8)

## PRIZE WINNERS AT GLEICHEN EXHIBITION

Fair Was Best Ever Held In History of the Town

While credit was given last issue to a number who worked hard to make the Gleichen exhibition the success it proved to be, there are others upon whose efforts the result was largely due, particularly the following managers and judges:

Horses—George Hutton of Lacombe judge. John Prowse, manager of Clydes, Shires, Percherons, Belgians and Suffolk Punch; James Young manager of the grades, heavy draft, grades agricultural and general purpose; N. W. McMillan the manager of light horses, standard bred, thoroughbreds and harness.

Cattle—J. A. Gaudin judge and W. H. Goodwin manager.

Sheep and Swine—J. A. Gaudin judge and Frank Daw manager.

Poultry—A. Batty, J. A. McArthur and M. Bollinger judges and Dave Wilson manager.

Dogs—M. Bollinger judge and Dave Wilson manager.

Roots, Vegetables, Grains and Grasses—Ralph Baird of Brooks, P. J. Umbrite of Banff and M. Leggat of Calgary judges, and R. B. Hayes manager.

Educational—Miss Maffay, of Calgary and Mrs. Riley, of Cluny judges. Miss Milloy manager.

Homemade Cooking and Dairy—Mrs. James Shouldice of Calgary judge.

Ladies Work—Miss Mahaffy of Calgary and Mrs. Riley of Cluny judges.

The Women's Institute had the management of the homemade cooking and the ladies work, with Mrs. Henderson in charge, assisted by Madames Farquharson, Huckvale and Evans and Miss Brereton.

Races—Capt. Francis, Jas. Young and T. H. Beach judges and Messrs. Young, Walsh, McMillan, Beach and James manager.

The judges of the bucking contests were Messrs. D. L. Brereton, Herb Millar and Guy Weidick.

The parade was very good and a credit to the enterprising men who went to the trouble and expense of decorating their floats, among whom may be mentioned Messrs. Webster Bros., Geo. Matthews and T. H. Beach. A number of autos were also gaily decorated and materially aided in making up the appearance of the parade. Here, too, was where the Citizen Band showed to best advantage many compliments were showered upon the boys. But it was the livestock in the parade that counted most. It was good and in quality could not be excelled anywhere. From the little Shetlands up to the big Clydes the horses were of the very best classes and looked very attractive. While the cattle were not so numerous they were all of the best grades and worthy of a place at any fair. All considered the parade was a good start and let us hope will prove a forerunner of bigger and better ones.

Clydes  
Stallion, 4 years old and over—John Prowse.

Stallion, 2 years old—John Prowse, W. H. Goodwin.

Stallion, 1 year old—John Prowse, J. A. McArthur.

Dry mare, any age—John Prowse, John Prowse, Jas. Young.

Brood mare with foal at foot—John Prowse.

Three-year-old filly—John Prowse.

Team in harness only—John Prowse.

Foal born in 1918—John Prowse, Jas. Young, J. A. McArthur.

Mare and two progeny—John Prowse, John Prowse.  
Three, get of one sire—John Prowse.  
Champion Clyde stallion—John Prowse, cup.  
Champion Clyde mare—John Prowse, cup.

Best Clyde stallion—John Prowse, special by Wm. McConnell.  
Percherons  
Stallion, 3 years and under—R. B. Robinson, Mrs. M. Sharp.  
Brood mare with foal at foot—Mrs. M. Sharp.  
Yearling stallion or filly—Mrs. M. Sharp.  
Foal born in 1918—Mrs. M. Sharp.  
Mare and two progeny—Mrs. M. Sharp.

Grades—Heavy Draft  
Team to be driven in wagon—Jas. Young, Dafae Bros.

Agriculture  
Team to be driven in wagon—John Prowse, G. P. Muir, N. W. McMillan.  
Dry mare or gelding, any age—Jas. Young, John Prowse, John Prowse.  
Three-year-old filly—John Prowse.  
Team best suited to farm work shown in wagon and harness, to be owned by bona fide farmer—Jas. Young, G. P. Muir, John Prowse. Also specials by Henderson & Mallory, T. H. Beach and J. C. Hutchinson.

Four-horse team, heavy draft or agricultural, to be driven tandem to wagon, open to horses shown in other classes, any weight—John Prowse, Dafae Bros. Also special by Harry Scott and J. C. Hutchinson.

Best grade mare or gelding shown under harness—James Young, John Prowse. Also special by Jas. Young and N. W. McMillan.

General purpose team, to be driven in wagon, under 1,500 lbs.—N. W. McMillan, Dafae Bros.

Light horses—Standard Bred  
Best mare, 2 years and over—J. H. Riley.  
Best mare, with foal at foot—J. H. Riley.

Shetland Ponies  
Jas. Young, 1, 2 and 3.

Thoroughbreds  
Best stallion, 2 years and over—C. F. Bruce, Ed. Clifton, Melrose.  
Best mare, 2 years and over—C. F. Bruce, Jas. Young, C. F. Bruce.

Harness  
Best single ladies driver, mare or gelding—Jas. Young, Jas. Young.  
Best single turnout, property of exhibitor—Jas. Young, Jas. Young.  
Best driving team and turnout—Jas. Young.

Best saddle horse—J. H. Riley, D. L. Brereton, F. Daw.  
Best saddle pony, 14.2 and under—Ed. Clifton, J. H. Riley, special by W. H. James and N. W. McMillan.

Best cow horse, mare or filly, to be judged for their manners, handiness and formation; to be ridden with stock saddle—D. L. Brereton, Donald Mackintosh.

CATTLE

Best Shorthorn bull—Mrs. M. Sharp.  
Best Shorthorn cow—Jas. Young, Mrs. M. Sharp.

Best Shorthorn yearling heifer—Mrs. M. Sharp, John Prowse.

Best Shorthorn calf—Mrs. M. Sharp.  
Best Hereford bull—W. H. Goodwin.

Best Hereford cow—W. H. Goodwin.  
Best Hereford yearling heifer—W. H. Goodwin.

Best Hereford yearling bull—W. H. Goodwin.

Best Hereford calf—W. H. Goodwin.

Championship, best registered animal on grounds—Mrs. M. Sharp.

Best beef animal, any breed, special by People's Market—Jas. Young.

Non-Registered

Best dairy cow—W. M. Sanders, Jas. Young.

Best cow, beef type—John C. Dafae, F. Daw.

Milk cow, special by John C. Dafae—Wm. Sanders.

Sheep

Oxford, ram—N. W. McMillan.

Grade mutton, best ewe over 2 years—N. W. McMillan.

Swine—Registered

Berkshire sow, under 1 year—F. Daw, F. Daw.

Berkshire boar, under 1 year—F. Daw, F. Daw.

Berkshire sow, over 1 year—F. Daw, F. Daw.

Sow with litter of not less than 6—F. Daw, R. S. Robinson. Special prize John Prowse, F. Daw, W. H. McPhee.

By Royal Bank.

Pen 2 butcher hogs, under 150 lbs.—Special by Royal Bank.

Pen 2 bacon hogs—Dafae Bros.

Dogs

Terrier dog or bitch—Mrs. Eben B. Bremner.

Cocker spaniel—Wilson & Menard, Wilson and Menard.

POULTRY

Orpington—Buff

Cockered—H. Carrick and special by Webster Bros.

Fulmar—H. Carrick, H. Carrick.

(Continued page 4)

## Ladies Aid of Milo and Queenstown Hold Successful Meeting

Authorize New Office Called Booster To Which Mrs. E. Davidge Is Elected

The August meeting of the Queenstown and Milo Ladies Aid was held at the home of Mrs. Wallace Hall and a very enjoyable evening was spent by old and young.

In spite of the prevalence of harvesting operations and the consequent aching limbs and tired backs there was a splendid turn-out there being upwards of 40 persons present.

The membership has already been enlarged over last year's total and the ladies are anticipating a very successful year. Much business of importance was discussed and passed at the meeting and plans were drawn up for future and greater activities.

In addition to the other officers elected at the last meeting a new office was authorized and Mrs. E. Davidge was elected as the organization booster.

While the ladies are interested in the general community welfare their special interest is directed as an aid towards the support of the religious activities of the district and they have already demonstrated their interest in this work by applying the Queenstown Hall with a new set of hymn books. Their next task will be the securing of a heater for the parsonage and the ordering of a new davenport mattress to replace the one which mysteriously disappeared from the Hall after the influenza epidemic of last fall.

At the close of the business session the meeting adjourned and after garden-party games had been enjoyed on the lawn, a short program was given, refreshments were served and a very pleasant evening was brought to a close to the muffled rumble of motor vehicle engines.

The next meeting will be held on Sept. 9th, at the home of Mrs. E. Beckner and a full and representative attendance is again requested for the invitation is to all and the time is 8 p.m.

Thursday evening George Mace gave Prof. Barry a big Clyde mare to bridle-brake, explaining that she would strike, kick and bite anyone who attempted to touch her head. Saturday afternoon Prof. Barry took off her halter on Crowfoot street before a good crowd and walking up to the mare told her to open her mouth, which she did, and he put the bridle on with one hand. He then rubbed the horses head, feet and legs. Mr. Mace was so pleased he offered to take the full course of training. Prof. Barry has now gained the confidence of the local horsemen and his offer to return his fees to any person who says they are not satisfied after taking his course could not be more fair. A cowboy from Nanton stated to The Call he took the course over two months ago and that in halter-breaking 70 horses by this system he figured he saved the cost of the course in time, besides it made the work easy. One rancher at Nanton after taking one lesson himself had paid the cost for ever cowboy on his ranch, and all were more than pleased with the result.

## GEO. MATTHEWS

SUCCESSOR TO

Matthews &amp; Kidney

## SATURDAY

## Children Wash Dresses

Clearing at 25 per cent off

## CANVAS SHOES

Women's, Children and Men's Clearing at 25 per cent off

## REMNANT TABLE

We have just gone through our stock again and found a hundred odd ends of nearly everything. These are now on the remnant table.

For results do your advertising in the Call

## PRICES

It will pay you to see our prices in men's ware

Summer and fall goods just arrived

Suits, Overcoats, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Ties, Collars, Trunks etc.

When present stock is sold out fall prices will be much higher

Fall stock of neckwear is arriving daily

## PINDER and STABBACK

THE RELIABLE FURNISHERS



## Ladies A Word With You About Your Skin

Why not make Cuticura Soap your every-day toilet soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Talcum, now and then as needed, and have in most cases a clear fresh complexion, a clean scalp free from dandruff and irritation, good hair, soft white hands and a wholesome skin free from blemish, without resorting to tiresome, expensive "beauty" fads? Cuticura costs little and does much. Sample each free by mail of "Cuticura, Dept. N, Boston, U.S.A." Sold by dealers throughout the world.

**Cuticura Talcum Powder**  
Do not fail to test the fascinating fragrance of this exquisitely scented face, body, dusting and skin perfuming powder, delicate, delightful, distinguishes the baby to the person a charm incomparable and peculiar to itself.

## Canada's Present Task

With the Peace Treaty formally approved by the parliaments of Great Britain and Germany, and in process of ratification in other countries; with Canada's parliament about to meet to signify its approval of the Treaty and with the Canadian army officially declared demobilized, the people of this Dominion are called upon to set themselves sternly to the task of fully restoring their country to a peace basis. In doing so they are confronted with many problems and burdens which are left to them as a legacy of the Great War, and these problems must be faced and solved and these burdens carried under entirely new social and industrial conditions which have been born in the minds and spirits of men during the period of the great upheaval through which we have passed.

Great as were the problems connected with the vigorous and successful prosecution of the war, they pale into insignificance when contrasted with the multitude of problems which peace, under these new world conditions, force upon us. The lofty patriotism and spirit of self-sacrifice which animated the people of Canada during the war must continue with them in these even more difficult days of peace if Canada is not now to lose all that she so valiantly defended on the battlefields of Europe. It was comparatively easy to save for Canada, sacrifice for Canada, serve Canada in the dark days of war; it is going to be infinitely harder to do so now that the incentive to victory is removed. But it is just as vitally necessary to our national welfare and future now as then, even more necessary.

With a national debt of \$2,000,000,000 upon which to pay interest and gradually liquidate, with millions required annually for pensions, with other great national obligations to carry, all the expenses of the public services to be met, and provision made for great national undertakings required in the development for use of our natural resources, the eight million people of Canada have a task to perform which calls for the best in every man and woman, and each man and each woman must do his and her share if Canada is to succeed and prosper.

In a few weeks the people of Canada will be asked to subscribe to another large domestic loan, a loan which is necessary to pay off the remainder of the Dominion's war bills and to enable the national government to carry on the business of the country in these still unsettled times. It will probably be the last of these war loans, because Canada cannot go on borrowing indefinitely. The time is fast approaching when, not by way of loans to the Government, but in the payment of taxes the people of Canada will have to meet all national expenses, as well as provide a certain amount annually wherewith to

reduce the national debt.

Canadians must face that necessity, and it is well that they should begin to prepare for it now. Canada as a nation can only meet its obligations to its own people and to the world by becoming a nation of producers in a larger way than ever before attempted. The natural resources of this country, vast and rich as they are known to be, but as yet largely undeveloped, must be developed for use. By their development alone can the necessary wealth be produced which will enable Canada to "carry on" successfully and prosper.

It is incumbent, therefore, on all Canadians to set themselves seriously to the task of ascertaining where and how they can best employ their abilities and energies in the work of production. On the farm, in the mine and forest, in the fisheries and in the factory, Canadians must display industry and energy. Taxes they must pay, heavier than in the past, and unless they produce something which will add to their own and the nation's wealth they will be in no position to pay. Canadian boys paid for Canada's independence and well-being with their life's blood during the past five years; all other Canadians must pay for Canada's honor, well-being and future prosperity and greatness by the full use of brain and brawn in the years of peace we are now to enjoy.

As the Montreal Star said in a recent editorial on "The Need of Canada," Canadians must go forward with a new, a better, a larger outlook. "Surely," says The Star, "with the immense legacy of debt that the war has bequeathed to us we would be wise to put away childish things, forget old quarrels which belong to the political nursery and face with courage and dignity the things that make for our peace, our strength and our security. There is no solution in the creed of destruction and no hope for men or nations save in industry, sanity, confidence and co-operation. Canada needs People, Production and Development. If we would concentrate upon these vital problems a multitude of lesser problems would settle themselves and we would begin to prove ourselves worthy of the great inheritance we possess. There was resource and dignity in Canada when we achieved Confederation. So, too, when we set all our energies to the Great War. A world in anguish and travail reveals too clearly that like unity, courage and devotion to vital things are needed to hold the civilization that we thought was saved on the red fields of Europe. Let us not relapse into a state of tribal warfare and spend ourselves in the paltry partisan quarrels and ignoble controversies which fill too many pages of the political history of Canada. 'I had faintly unless I had believed to see the goodness of the Lord in the land of the living.'"

No surgical operation is necessary in removing corns if Holloway's Corn Cure be used.

### Turks Make Protest

Constantinople.—The American commission charged with an investigation in Turkey regarding possible mandates has concluded its work so far as the Armenian question is concerned. Turks who were heard by the commission in connection with the Armenia commission protested both orally and in writing against the creation of an independent Armenia state.

The commission, it was said, will go now to Smyrna and Adrianople and will conclude its work in about two weeks.

### Kerensky Said to Be in Berlin

Berlin, Germany.—The Deutsche Tageszeitung publishes a report from Russian sources in Berlin to the effect that Alexander Kerensky is at present in the German capital, whence he is agitating violently against Admiral Kolchak and General Denikin.

We can't blame a man who leads a dog's life if he growls.

## United States Sends Warning To Mexico

The Murdering of American Citizens Must Be Stopped.

Washington.—The state department's announcement that President Carranza had been informed by this government that unless the Mexican government took immediate steps to put an end to the murder of American citizens in Mexico this government would be compelled to "adopt a radical change in its policy," in regard to that country, occasioned no end of speculation in military and naval circles.

As was the case the other day, there was no official statement forthcoming to indicate the nature of the radical change foreshadowed. The United States government is in a position to act immediately when the President gives the word. Massed along the border or within 24 hours' rail journey of the border basis at San Antonio, El Paso and Columbus, are eleven regiments of cavalry, seven of infantry, six of field artillery, two of engineers, one machine-gun battalion, fifteen airplane squadrons, nine balloon companies, one battalion of signalers, seventeen pack trains, and sixteen motor transport companies, in addition to the needed quota of special and technical troops.

The Carranza government will not be permitted to import further arms and munitions from the United States, for the present at least.

This became known following the publication of the exchange of notes between the United States and Mexico, in which the American government threatened a change of policy unless Americans in Mexico were adequately protected.

### Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

#### Be Ready

Advice Sir Douglas Haig Urges on the Country

Speaking as a man "who has seen enough of war," Sir Douglas Haig adapted to our present-day needs the warning which Lord Roberts and the Daily Mail so repeatedly addressed to deaf ears while the Hun was planning his attack. We all desire peace, but we cannot, even in the hour of complete victory, disregard the injunction uttered by our first soldier, that "only by adequate preparation for war can peace in every way be guaranteed." A strong citizen army on strong territorial lines is the advice Sir Douglas Haig urges on the country. A system providing twelve months' military training for every man in the country should be seriously thought of. We ought to be ready to fight in order that we may never have to fight. Morally and physically the war has shown us that the effect of discipline and training upon the youth of the country is an asset beyond calculation. We paid the penalty of unpreparedness once. Can we take the risk a second time?

Many children die from the assaults of worms, and the first care of mothers should be to see that their infants are free from these pests. A vermifuge that can be depended on is Miller's Worm Powders. They will not only expel worms from the system, but act as a health-giving medicine and a remedy for many of the ailments that beset infants enfeebling them and endangering their lives.

### Drugs For Livestock

Chief Aim of Veterinarian Should Be to Prevent Disease

There is no sense in persistently "doping" animals with drugs; yet some men seem to get into the habit, and keep it up with detrimental effect rather than benefit to their beasts. Healthy animals need no drugs; the sick need attention and medicine from one specially trained intelligently and judiciously to give such aid. The less medicine the better, so long as the animal gets plenty of good feed and is protected against disease by every possible means.

The chief aim of the veterinarian, as well as the owner of livestock, should be to prevent disease instead of having to treat it, and this is coming to be the prevailing conception of the matter. We hear far too much about concoctions to be dissolved and mixed in slop for tormented pigs; and too much about all manner of alleged cholera cures which, in every instance, are worthless. We hear far too little of the true causes of disease, and the sources of pestering parasites. Yet it is all-important that we should know how diseases arise and spread, and how they may be ward off and made innocuous. So, too, of parasites. They are not inevitable and unavoidable. They may be rooted out and kept out. Neither are animals really "heirs to disease." They may be born healthy, stay healthy and live to a good old age, without suffering from disease or requiring "dope" of any kind.—Breeder's Gazette.

## SUMMER COMPLAINT IS A SERIOUS BOWEL TROUBLE

Very few people escape an attack of Summer Complaint. It may be slight, or it may be severe, but nearly every one is liable to it.

You can't tell, when it seizes on you, how it may end.

Allow the profuse diarrhoea, the vomiting and purging to continue for a day or two and you will become weak and prostrated.

Just as soon as the bowels become loosened up, get a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry and check these unnatural movements, and thus prevent the system from becoming weakened.

Mrs. L. J. Alteen, wife of the well known wholesale and retail Fish Dealer, 44 Hill St., Amherst, N.S., writes:—"I have four children, the oldest being eight years old. Every summer they were troubled with Summer Complaint. Doctors' prescriptions did not seem to help them any. One day a friend asked me to use Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. I at once got a bottle, and to my surprise and wonder, I soon saw a change in them. I now keep a bottle of it in the house all the time, and will recommend it to any mother."

Dr. Fowler's is 35c. a bottle. Get the original which has been put up for the past 74 years by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

The man who sits down and waits to be appreciated will find himself amongst the uncalled-for baggage after the limited express has gone by.

A few months ago it was necessary to limit the use of gasoline because some people were using more than they auto.

## GUARD BABY'S HEALTH IN THE SUMMER

The summer months are the most dangerous to children. The complaints of that season, which are cholera infantum, colic, diarrhoea and dysentery, come on so quickly that often a little one is beyond aid before the mother realizes he is ill. The mother must be on her guard to prevent these troubles, or if they do come on suddenly to cure them. No other medicine is of such aid to mothers during hot weather as is Baby's Own Tablets. They regulate the stomach and bowels and are absolutely safe. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Train up a child in the way he should go, and when he is old he will not be looking about for an elixir to patch himself up with.

Nature is said to be infallible, yet she gave the rooster a comb but no hair.

### Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

To Cut Out Profiteers  
St. Catharines, Ont.—Arrangements between the growers, the wine manufacturers and the dealers, with a view to eliminating, if possible, the profiteer, is the aim of Niagara District Grape Growers' Association, which has been formed.

James Livingstone, of Grimsby, in speaking of this aim of the association, referred to prices of last year, when grapes sold here for 30 cents a basket, were retailed in Calgary for 90 cents, three times as much as the growers received.

### A DIVORCE GRANTED

After many years of patient suffering you can be divorced from corns by applying Putnam's Corn Extractor, which acts in 24 hours without pain. Refuse a substitute because "Putnam's" is the remedy that is safe and painless, 25c. per bottle at all dealers.

### Money For Everybody

New Labor Programme Has Unique Scheme

London.—The latest thing in the labor programme of social reform is provision for a minimum income for every man, woman and child.

Under the scheme, which is favored by Arthur Henderson, secretary of the Labor party, and G. A. H. Cole, attached to the research department, twenty per cent. of all incomes would be nationalized at the source and paid in a pool which would be devoted solely to the provision of a permanent weekly income of \$2.25 a week to everybody. In this way, the sponsors of the plan say, it is hoped not merely to free the country from the future payment of old-age pensions, but of most, if not all, of the national and private agencies for the distribution of relief.

Many a man who is going to set the world on fire finds that someone has suddenly turned the hose on him.

W. N. U. 1278

## Taxation System To Revive France

Everyone Must Pay According to His Means

Paris.—France now must found the "republic of victory," Captain Andre Tardieu declared in a speech on the occasion of the transfer of the ashes of Deputy Abel Ferry, who was killed in action during the war.

"The tremendous French effort by which our dead have breathed will begin with a sustained effort of material reconstruction of the whole of France."

"The victory equipment must be created at once; our railways must be electrified and loans for national equipment must be floated."

"Everyone must in justice pay according to his means. In order to place this fiscal system of justice on a sound basis, two principles must be kept in view — to tax the small fortunes fairly and to tax the big ones progressively. When the big ones shall pay, as they do in America, sixty and seventy per cent., then the small ones will pay more willingly, and if the money comes the rest will be simplified."

### Loss From Forest Fires

Taking Tremendous Toll of Canadian National Wealth

A message sent out by the Canadian Forestry Association says:

One of the most destructive forest fire seasons in recent years is taking a tremendous toll of Canadian national wealth. With the exception of a small area in Northern Ontario, practically all the fires cleaned off the timber crops on lands that are useless for agriculture. Such lands can grow only one crop, and that is wood. Once stripped, these areas lie profitless for half a century or more. Repeated fires usually kill reproduction for all time to come, and another section of barrens is thereby added to the nation's great total.

Contrary to public impression, every forest fire is a direct blow at the provincial or federal treasury, for the reason that more than ninety per cent. of the forest lands of Canada are public-owned. Licenses issued are for cutting rights and are usually for one year. The title to the land always remains in the name of the Canadian people, and this fact makes forest protection essentially a matter for public co-operation. More than seven million dollars a year are taken in taxes from forest areas by provincial and Dominion governments.

### Rhondia Party in Canada

Toronto.—Lady Rhondia and her husband, Sir Humphrey Mackworth, the Dowager Viscountess Rhondia, and a large party of British capitalists, will be in Toronto for the opening day of the Canadian National Exhibition, when His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales releases the power that sets the mechanism of the great institution in motion. The party will then make an extensive tour of the mining and pulpwood districts of northern Ontario, and will later proceed to the Peace River territory, where the Rhondia estate already has many thousands of acres under development. The party has an investing capital of between \$25,000,000 and \$30,000,000.

### No Real Distress in Alberta

Calgary.—Exhaustive investigations have been conducted by the provincial government into the conditions of the farmers in the drought-stricken districts in the southern end of this province, with the result that it has been shown that there is no real distress arising from crop failures, and that the government will not be required to furnish very much assistance to families. However, it will be necessary to provide feed in many cases.

### Another International Question Settled

"We now hear," remarks "Punch," "that the question regarding the possession of Kladiatizagtaliofotofka, in Poland, which has caused so much of the delay at the Peace Conference, has been satisfactorily settled. The four big powers are to have a couple of syllables each and the remaining three will be raffled for."

If you would know what your friends say of you when absent listen to what is said of others in your presence.

Sometimes a man remains in the bachelor class because he is shy either of coin or courage.

### A Cynic.

"Pa, what is a cynic?"  
"A cynic, my boy, is a man who hates to see the other fellow enjoying himself. Don't be one."

A poor man is always talking about what he would do if he were rich, but a rich man never talks about what he would do if he were poor.

## Common Sense Toward Germany

Nations Against Germany Must Be So Strong That They Cannot Safely Be Attacked

If the Germans are raising an army now, beyond the limitations imposed their crops damaged by drought inarily foolish. The powers which conquered them will crush their new militarism without a doubt if it shows itself. But if they wait until caution relaxes, until a new generation appears and until experience only whippers and no longer talks plainly, they may appear with an aggressive military force again. The only way in which a great nation can be kept disarmed for a long term of years is by the constant work of an army of occupation. Constabulary can keep the Filipinos disarmed, but an allied constabulary cannot keep the Germans unarmed for the next hundred years. And an agreement or treaty cannot keep them disarmed. The nations against Germany must rely for protection against the Germany of the future by being so strong that they cannot safely be attacked. That is not militarism. It is common sense. —Chicago Tribune.

## Detained War Mail To Go Forward

Was Held Because Its Transmission Would Have Assisted German Army and Naval Plans.

London.—The forwarding of mail detained during the war by the postal censor will be completed on August 30, the war office announces. The mail was held because its transmission would have assisted the German army and naval plans, increased the commercial and financial resources of the enemy or aided the far-reaching German political and commercial propaganda commission.

The handing over of this delayed matter began on June 25. It is estimated that 630,000,000 pieces of mail were examined during war and that 1,300,000 were detained, of which 592,500 have been released recently.

Approximately 150,300 pieces of mail seized originates in the United States or was going to the United States when it reached the censor's hands. Of the remaining matter that originated in or destined for the United Kingdom will be destroyed except the letters or packages containing articles of value and documents of importance.

In regard to mails routed over the United Kingdom to and from foreign countries, and mails landed from neutral ships which entered British territorial waters it has been decided that pieces containing goods, currency, securities and other valuable papers will be put into prize court.

Commercial and private correspondence containing valuable documents will be released. Other private correspondence will be destroyed because of the great cost of re-examination. The war office statement adds: "The disposal of these detained packages has been the subject of long and careful consideration. The decisions reached have been governed by a desire to guard the interests of neutral as well as allied nations, to avoid as far as possible injury to commercial firms and individuals and to avoid unreasonable expense."

### Britain Fixes Wheat Prices

London.—The wheat commission fixed the following prices for imported wheat: For 480 pounds: Canadian, \$14.40; United States, \$12.96 to \$14.50; untreated, \$14.64; Argentine, \$14.16.

But we are inclined to believe that actions do not speak louder than words at the meetings of a sewing society.

Familiarity breeds contempt for mosquitoes.

Many a man who toots his own horn imagines he is the whole band.

Every bean in the "Clark" can is perfectly cooked and the Government legend guarantees absolute purity.

With Tomato, Chili or Plain Sauce.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

W. CLARK, LIMITED, - MONTREAL.

## ROYAL YEAST CAKES

Royal Yeast has been the standard yeast in Canada for over 50 years, and it is a well known fact that bread made with Royal Yeast possesses a greater amount of nourishment than that made with any other.

## Winnipeg's Big Housing Scheme

A million dollar housing scheme will be proceeded with in Winnipeg, Manitoba, immediately. The development of the city has been so fast that the housing accommodation has been severely taxed for some time. A guarantee fund is being raised to indemnify the city against loss, and the members of the board of trade and other public organizations have intimated their willingness to do everything in their power to assist the scheme.

## It Works! Try It

Tells how to loosen a sore, tender corn so it lifts out without pain.

Good news spreads rapidly and druggists here are kept busy dispensing freezone, the other discovery of a Cincinnati man, which is said to loosen any corn so it lifts out with the fingers.

Ask at any pharmacy for a quarter ounce of freezone, which will cost very little, but is said to be sufficient to rid one's feet of every hard or soft corn or callus.

You apply just a few drops on the tender, aching corn and instantly the soreness is relieved, and soon the corn is so shrivelled that it lifts out without pain. It is a sticky substance which dries when applied and never inflames or even irritates the adjoining tissue.

This discovery will prevent thousands of deaths annually from lockjaw and infection heretofore resulting from the suicidal habit of cutting corns.

With the exception of one of two of the Balkan states, Russia is the most illiterate country in Europe, over 60 per cent. of the inhabitants being unable to read or write. Yet the capital has the largest university in the world, one building of which has a frontage of nearly a quarter of a mile.

Our new coins don't look as though they would buy as much as the old ones did, and they won't.

Relief for the Depressed.—Physical and mental depression usually have their origin in a disordered state of the stomach and liver, as when these organs are clogged, in their action the whole system is affected. Try Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They revive the digestive processes, act beneficially on the nerves and restore the spirits as no other pills will. They are cheap, simple and sure, and the effects are lasting.

### Portugal to Get 21 German Ships

Lisbon, Portugal.—It is announced that twenty-one German ships now in English ports will be handed over to Portugal.

The Kaiser is not likely to recover from his serious operation. He had his expectations removed.

## The Sweet Nut-like Flavor

of Grape-Nuts is due to the combination of wheat and malted barley, developed by twenty hours baking.

## Grape-Nuts

Ready to Eat

No Waste



# CLARK'S PORK & BEANS

AND OTHER GOOD THINGS



# Control Sugar Prices In United States

Washington.—Active control of sugar prices was resumed by the government through an agreement reached between the department of justice and the food administration, that licenses will be revoked by the latter when it is shown dealers have been profiteering. Sugar should reach the consumer at approximately 7 cents a pound, it was announced, based on the ownership of the entire domestic and Cuban crop by the United States sugar equalization board, which is selling to refiners at 7.28 cents a pound.

Refiners are under contract with the board to sell at nine cents, less two per cent. discount for cash; wholesalers and jobbers are allowed a maximum of 68 cents a hundred pounds for handling, and retailers are permitted a profit of one to one and one-half cents a pound, making a fair price of 11 cents except in cases where dealers have purchased at an "unreasonable" price due to a misunderstanding in the trade. When this is a fact, a reasonable advance over the actual cost will be permitted.

With the house agriculture committee's amendment for extension of the powers of the Food Control Act before it, the house was prepared to take action on the amendment, and thereby make its first extensive step toward beating down living costs. The amendment, which was reported to the house by an unanimous vote, includes retailers among those liable under the Food Control Act and its enactment, along with the control exercised over sugar, officials believe, will do much to curtail profiteering by retailers.

## Divorces in Manitoba

Winnipeg.—An announcement made at the law courts states that there are over eleven hundred divorce applications filed for hearing when the court of King's Bench opens for the fall sittings, September 15.

Six judges will be occupied hearing the cases. In the majority of cases the divorce applications are being made by soldiers who have returned to find their wives have been unfaithful. The cost of obtaining a divorce is from \$200 up, according to lawyers.

## Ask Intercession for Absentees

Quebec.—At a meeting of the national trades and labor council it was decided to ask His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to intercede to obtain a general amnesty for absentees under the Military Service Act.

## Harvesters Create Disturbances

### Pillage Town, Fire Depot and Stone Passenger Trains en Route

Riviere du Loup, Que.—A trainload of young men, numbering between 800 and 900, belonging to different parts of the district, and who were leaving for the West to work on the farms during the harvest, created a serious disturbance on the train, also robbing and pillaging in this town, one shop being relieved of \$300. At St. Andre de Kamouraska they set fire to the station, which was got under control before serious damage occurred. Other offences were committed at other places along the road, among them being the stoning of passenger trains. Detectives were finally placed aboard and the train proceeded to its destination, no arrests being made.

### "Away With Erzberger"

Berlin.—Under the slogan "Away with Erzberger," the National Liberals staged a noisy meeting of protest, in which the speakers subjected the Minister of Finance to a vicious verbal grilling. Erzberger's activities from the time he conducted the armistice negotiations down to the present enactment of radical measures of taxation were made the subject of attacks from the floor rostrum. "Traitor," "Scoundrel," "Camouflaged Corruptionist," and similar epithets were heard. Some of the speakers demanded that Erzberger be strung up on the nearest lamp post.

At the meeting a resolution was adopted demanding Erzberger's retirement.

### Helfferich May Be Prosecuted

Berlin.—The Ministry of Justice has received instructions to examine the evidence obtained against the former vice-chancellor, Dr. Karl Helfferich, with a view to prosecuting him.

### Italian Troops Enter Hungary

Paris.—Italian troops are on their way into Hungary, according to reports received here. No details of the movement were given.

### Strike in Miramichi Mills

Newcastle, N.B.—Practically every mill on the Miramichi has been tied up by a strike among the workers. Men employed loading the steamers have struck for a nine-hour day and 65 cents per hour.

## Increased Wages For Telegraph Operators

Reduction in Working Time and an Advance of \$10 and \$12 Are Granted By Board

Montreal.—Substantial increases in wages are accorded the operators of the C.P.R. telegraphs by an award handed down by the Canadian railway war board, adjustment number one. An increase of \$10 a month is given to Morse operators, "all outside points," and \$12 a month to the percentage groups of the percentage offices. Included in the latter are Montreal, Ottawa, Winnipeg, Moose Jaw, Calgary and Vancouver.

The wages in these three percentage groups will now be \$133.25, \$129.60 and \$122, with a minimum over the entire system of \$100 a month, with the exception of city branch offices (send only) where the minimum will be \$75 a month, and also at one or two specified points.

An eight-hour day will be worked in all outside large centre offices, a reduction of one hour. The increase is to date back to June 1, and in future the clerks are to be included in the wage schedule.

In the present arrangement, however, the amount of wages of the clerks was not decided, but will be dealt with on September 16.

## Austrians And Their Treaty

Are Wanting to Take it Back to Vienna

Paris.—The Austrian delegation told the supreme council that it would be necessary for them to take the complete text of the treaty to Vienna and to submit it to the assembly for approval before he delegates can sign it.

This suggestion brought expressions of surprise from members of the council, as it had been thought the Austrian delegation had full powers. The council is urging the Austrians to make some arrangements to sign the treaty without taking it to Vienna.

The signing of the treaty, as a result of this unexpected development, it was said, may be postponed until well into September.

### Citizens Would Prosecute Prince

Berlin.—At a meeting of the citizens of Teltow, a suburb of Berlin, there was a discussion of the conduct of Prince Friederich Leopold, cousin of former Emperor William, who, unlike Count Hohenloep, remained there instead of leaving the country. It was alleged that he had engaged in illicit trading on a large scale and had hoarded large quantities of food. Local authorities recently searched his castle, confiscating great supplies of food, which were distributed among hospitals, but when they attempted to bring action against the prince they were told from authoritative quarters that he was immune, being a member of the royal family.

### Serious Fires in Northern Idaho

Missoula, Mont.—The general fire situation in forestry district number one, Montana and Northern Idaho, has never in the history of the west been so serious as it is today, according to forestry officials. New fires are breaking out, old blazes are entirely out of control, and it is reported incendiaries in the woods not only have set fires in isolated spots, but have in several instances severed connections between the fire fighting crews and the outside world, with serious results.

### Commr. C. Sowton to Go to Sweden

Toronto.—Commissioner Charles Sowton, of the Salvation Army, who has been in charge of the Western Canada territory with headquarters at Winnipeg, has been selected by General Bramwell Booth to take charge of Salvation Army work in Sweden, according to an announcement made here by Col. John McMillan, chief secretary for the Toronto district.

### Supply the Home Market First

Sydney, N.S.—Instructions have been issued to the refiners by the Canadian trade commission that all local demands for sugar must be looked after before this article is exported. Such was the gist of a telegram received by F. C. Kimber, secretary of the Sydney board of trade, in reply to a wire sent to the government.

### Consumers to Fight Profiteers

Paris.—Citizens and housewives of the Montmartre district have formed the "consumers' league of France" to combat the high cost of food-stuffs. It is the intention of the founders to enlarge the league into the national buyers' federation, with members throughout the country.

## Why Britain Sets Low Wheat Price

Winnipeg.—In an interview on the price of \$1.80 set by Great Britain for Canadian wheat, W. Sanford Evans, who represented the millers at recent conferences at Ottawa, said: "The situation is quite simple. This price of \$1.80, mentioned in the cable, has, unquestionably, to my mind, nothing to do with the price at which the British Government will buy wheat, but the price at which it will resell, in conformity with its policy to ensure the ninepenny loaf."

"Great Britain absorbs the difference between the purchase price and the price necessary to allow for the turning out of the four-pound loaf for ninepence. Canadian wheat, grading No. 1 northern, cannot be made into bread for ninepence a loaf. Last year it cost Great Britain \$235,000,000, the difference between the price it had paid for wheat and the price at which it had to be sold to allow for the ninepenny loaf. It had to charge prices for wheat which were less than the purchase price."

"This \$1.80 mentioned in the cable is the resale price. The cable, in my judgment, has nothing to do with the purchase price. The British government will purchase at whatever price it can get the wheat, and then sell at a resale price of \$1.80 in England."

"It has been doing it before. It has in the past spread the difference over wheat and flour. Now the cut is all placed on the wheat. The government decided to subsidize the loaf and placed it all on the wheat, which will represent the ninepenny loaf."

## U. S. Government Brings Down Prices

Washington.—Attorney-General Palmer said there was evidence that the government campaign to reduce the cost of living already was bearing fruit. A prominent vegetable packer of Maryland wrote Mr. Palmer that prices in many lines were beginning to ease off, as it became evident the department of justice meant business in announcing that criminal prosecutions against hoarders and profiteers would be instituted where the laws were violated.

The attorney-general and Judge Ames, his assistant, drew distinctions which they said the public should recognize between hoarded food and stored food. The former is held out of the market in greater quantities than required for the owners' business for the purpose of forcing up the market.

The latter is surplus, being husbanded from the harvest to the lean season. Reports to the attorney-general from state food administrators indicated that fair price boards rapidly were being set up in many states and were proceeding to get pledges from dealers to abide by the prices promulgated for the guidance of the public.

The department of justice announced that eleven cases had been brought under the Food Control act for seizure of food in Columbus, Ga., St. Louis, Detroit, Chattanooga and Kansas City.

**Railways and Daylight Saving**  
Ottawa.—The action of the United States congress in killing daylight saving over the President's veto is taken here to mean the simultaneous death of the system in Canada. Whenever the United States sets back the clocks the Canadian railways will have to do likewise. The same argument that was used by them in adopting daylight saving last spring will apply to reverting to the old system at the same time as the Americans do it.

**Resist Holiday Proposal**  
Paris.—There is much discussion of a possible vacation for the peace conference, but this is bitterly opposed by many members, who insist that it is impossible for the conference to take a recess until the Austrian treaty is disposed of at least. This probably cannot be before September 1.

**Greeks Ask for Protection**  
London.—Saloniki representatives of 35,000 Greeks in the Ardskhan district of the Caucasus have telegraphed the peace conference requesting protection against Turkish soldier brigades, who, with Erzrum as a base, are holding massacres of the Greeks there, accompanied by much pillage.

**Miners Talk of Five-Day Week**  
Sydney, N.S.—The five-day week, a demand for a 25 per cent. increase in wages and several other matters of prime importance to the coalfields, the miners and the province in general will be taken up at the big mining convention which is to meet in Sydney this week.

## Mines Floating Towards Britain

Calculations By Prince of Monaco Have Been Confirmed Accurate

Paris.—Calculations by the Prince of Monaco on the direction in which floating mines were drifting in the Atlantic have been confirmed accurate by the director of meteorological service of the Azores in a letter published here.

The prince, who is an authority on oceanography, gave his calculations on the mines to the Academy of Sciences, on December 30, 1918. A map showing where mines have been found in the north Atlantic from November, 1918, to April 17, 1919, was submitted by the meteorological director of the Azores to prove the accuracy of the prince's calculations.

The map shows the mines have spread to the north, south and southwest of the Azores and are floating toward the coasts of England, France and Spain. Navigating directions given by the Prince of Monaco were said to be the safest now available for the Atlantic.

## Will Address League Of Nations

Lloyd George Speaker in Opening Campaign to Popularize League Pact

London.—David Lloyd George, the British premier, will address the League of Nations Union on September 1, according to an announcement by the Lord Mayor of London. The meeting, which will be attended by representatives of all British peoples, will mark the opening of a campaign the union is undertaking to impress the need for everybody's co-operation in the movement for world peace.

## Bolsheviki Barbarities

Children Killed in Their Cradles and Old Persons Burned to Death at Stanislas

London.—The Bolsheviki have plundered the town of Stanislas, in the district of the Upper Don river, according to advices reaching here. Cruelties were inflicted on the population by the Bolsheviki, who are reported to have killed children in their cradles and to have burned old people. In the towns of Migulinskai and Kazanskana, in the same region, the advices add, 5,000 persons have been executed and more than 800 have been put to death in the surrounding territory.

## Salvaging Much Grain

Ottawa.—The department of railways has been advised that unexpectedly good results have attended the efforts to salvage the five hundred thousand bushels of grain in the government elevator at Port Colborne, which was destroyed by an explosion. Up to the present time 200,000 bushels have been salvaged, and it is believed that by the end of the week practically the entire contents of the elevator will be saved. With wheat worth over two dollars per bushel, the success of the operations means a saving of over one million dollars.

## Sir Adam Beck Makes Offer

Port Arthur, Ont.—Sir Adam Beck, of the Ontario hydro-electric commission, has offered to take over the street railways of Port Arthur and Port William, put them under one management, and make them pay, which they are not now doing.

## Karl Muck Departs

New York.—Dr. Karl Muck, former leader of the Boston Symphony orchestra, who was ordered interned as an enemy alien April 5, 1918, and confined at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., during the war, has boarded the steamship Frederick VIII, for Copenhagen.

## Inheritance Tax Bill Passed

Weimar, Germany.—The assembly has passed the inheritance tax bill. The members of the Right voted against the bill. They particularly opposed the paragraph inserted in committee, under which the tax on fortunes exceeding 150,000 marks is greatly increased and in some cases doubled.

## Manitoba Aero Club Is Formed

Winnipeg.—Former air service men have formed a new organization to be known as the "Aero Club of Manitoba." Membership will be open to anyone who has served in any capacity with the air forces of any of the allied countries.

## Penalizing Profiteers

Washington.—Amendments to the Food Control Act imposing a \$5,000 fine and imprisonment of two years for profiteering were ordered favorably by the house agricultural committee.

## Yorkshire Miners to Resume Work

London.—The strike of the Yorkshire coal miners, which had been in progress for many weeks, has been settled. All the Yorkshire pits will resume work as soon as practicable.

# To Protect Britain From Profiteers

## Fixed Price Of Wheat

If World Market Price Realizes More, Producer to Get the Benefit

Ottawa.—Telegrams and communications received by the government, as well as comments made by brokers and others interested in the wheat trade, indicate that the government's action in fixing an initial price for wheat to be paid to the farmers by the wheat control board is still misunderstood in many quarters. It is assumed by many apparently that the initial price of \$2.15 announced by the government is a fixed price and that no matter what the price of wheat may be the farmers will not receive more than that figure. On behalf of the government it was pointed out to a representative of the Canadian Press, Limited, that in the case of the Canadian farmer, he gets what the market of the world will give him. If the price of wheat should go to \$2.30, \$2.40 or \$2.50, the farmer will get the benefit.

On the other hand, in the United States, where a price has been definitely fixed, the farmer will simply get the fixed price. The object of the government, it was further explained, was not to limit to any price or estimate the price that the farmer should obtain but rather to make sure that he should speedily sell his crop and that he should receive the highest possible safe initial payment upon the crop. The government through the Canadian wheat board undertakes to sell the surplus crop, not at a fixed price, but at the best world price available, and to turn back to the farmer free from all speculative and profiteering charges the balance of the price received for his grain over and above the initial payment of \$2.15.

It was further pointed out that the United States price was fixed before he war was over, on the assumption that the world conflict would continue. Had that not been done it is not regarded as probable that the United States would have made a fixed price, but as it is, the United States farmer gets the fixed price and no more.

## Why Shoes Are High

Boston, Mass.—Enquiry into the high cost of shoes by the Suffolk county grand jury developed that some shoe workers have been earning \$120 a week. These instances were said to be few, but it was testified that many made \$60 a week, while the average was about \$40. Unskilled help, formerly paid at \$12 to \$15 a week, have profited most, last boys getting as much as \$30 a week.

It was said that a pair of shoes sold by a manufacturer for \$5.50 was displayed in a store four hundred yards from the factory marked at \$12.

## Bolsheviki Cut Off From Base

London.—Military authorities here point out that the occupation by General Denikine of the town of Cherkassy, on the Dnieper river, below Kiev, cuts the last remaining line of communication of the Bolsheviki with Odessa.

## Clearing Russia of Helpless

London.—Several vessels have been assigned by the ministry of shipping to the task of removing from northern Russia all civilians who wish to leave before British troops are withdrawn from that region. Several thousand children and aged and infirm persons will be taken first to points on the Murmansk coast and later will be transported to southern Russia.

## Expanding Canadian Trade

Canadian Voyageur under Direction of Canadian National Railways clearing for the West Indies from Montreal, July 10th, with a cargo of general merchandise. She is scheduled to return with sugar.

London.—Premier Lloyd George has written to the press to the effect that the discussion of certain highly controversial points in his recent speech in the House of Commons has obscured other parts which are of vital concern to the country and deserve full discussion before parliament is asked to legislate thereon.

He accordingly furnishes a summary of the government's program as set forth in his speech, adding several proposals, to which he says he did not have time to refer to in his speech. One proposal is to establish a department of standards to promote and assist standardization in technical trade matters, which he regards as increasingly important to British industry.

Another point is his intention to introduce legislation to secure adequate measures permanently to protect the public from the harmful effects of trusts and combinations, should such protection become advisable. His mention of this subject in his speech referred to only a period of six months under the Profiteering Act.

## Employment For Returned Men

There Should Be No Such Thing as the Soldier Problem

Ottawa.—The returned soldier problem, said Gen. Currie, during an address, had been brought to his notice since his return. He thought there was no such problem and urged the business men of Canada to give the men a chance on their return.

He thought that instead of the returned soldiers creating any problem that was being done by the men who stayed at home getting four or five times as much money as soldiers, and then became afraid their big money might fall off during the reconstruction period.

"Before the war," he said, Canada was able to absorb 500,000 immigrants yearly; surely we can absorb 500,000 returned men who are your own brothers. Before the war they were an asset to Canada, surely they are an asset on their return. Not a returned soldier should go unemployed."

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The evacuation of Cherkassy has not yet been confirmed, but it is regarded here as probable that the Bolsheviki have left it.

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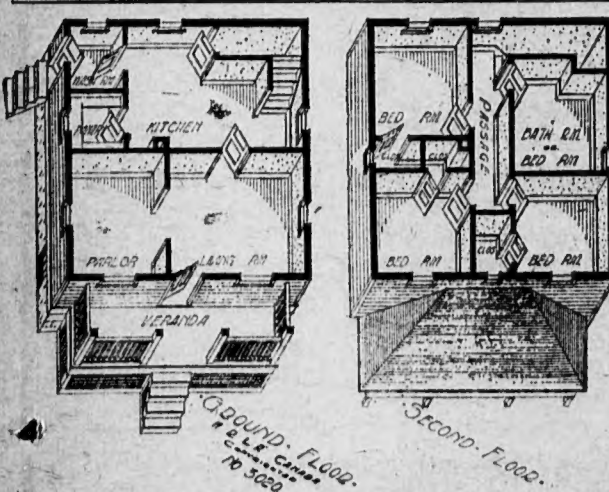
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## Yorkshire Miners to Resume Work

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## No Waste Space



This attractive six-room house has no waste space and is at the same time an economical house to build for one who does not care to spend very much money in a house and at the same time have considerable room. It is intended that there be a vestibule for the front door extending out on to the veranda; this is not shown on this plan. The two front rooms can be made into one large room, which would extend across the whole front of the house, making the living room do for a dining room on occasion. Many families eat in the kitchen, ordinarily, so that this front room gives a chance to carry out many forms of decoration and arrangement which cannot be done in the usual living room. The upstairs has three bedrooms and bath, with ample closet room. This house has side entrance which can be changed to rear entrance if desired.



## James J. Hill

the great builder of the American Northwest once said: "If you want to know whether you are going to succeed—the test is easy. Are you able to save money? If not drop out. You will surely lose. You may not think it, but you will lose as sure as you live." If you do not possess one of our savings pass books open an account today with at least \$1.00 and give us the pleasure of handing you a REAL SAVINGS BOOK, to start you on the road to success.

## UNION BANK OF CANADA

RESOURCES, \$153,000,000

Cluny Branch : : : W. Sommerville, Manager  
Standard Branch : : : J. T. Hutton, Manager

## YOU HAVEN'T SEEN

### The Canadian Automatic Churn?

Our first shipment will arrive this week. No Cranking. No Wood. Easily Washed, as container is glass. More and better Butter in less time than by the old way. A trial will convince you.

### How About Threshing Machinery?

We Sell The Great Minneapolis line. The Lawson 21-Jewel Tractor. The Woods Bros. Separator and the Garden City Feeders.

## REMEMBER

We Specialize on Presto Welding and Magneto Re-charging.

## McLeod's Garage

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA.

If you intend building you should talk to us about your

## LUMBER

Our years of experience in the lumber business will prove helpful to you. A suggestion of a different kind of wood, or a different grade will save you many dollars on your building.

## Revelstoke Sawmill Co., Ltd.

J. E. McCORKLE,

Local Manager, - - - Gleichen, Alberta

## MISCELLANEOUS

Notices under this heading 15 words or under 60c for one issue and 3 issues for \$1. Over 15 words one cent a word charged for each insertion.

Horses and Cattle lost and found, for sale and wanted; Seed Grain for sale and wanted; Land to sell, rent or buy, and any other of a similar nature will get quick results by being published under this heading.

Brand reading notices \$1.50 for each animal, three insertions. Over 15 words 1 cent per word extra each issue.

When brands have to be cut a charge of 35c. each is made.

In order to insure publication CASH MUST accompany each notice.

FOR SALE—White, blue eyed Persian kittens. Inquire for E. Miesha at Matthews Dept. Store. 25

FOUND—At the fair, gold rimmed spectacles. F.L. Mallory, secy. 24

LOST—Crocheted yoke at the fair, property of Mrs. Jas. Young. Return to F. L. Mallory, secy. 24

TRACTOR—For sale. 10-20 in first class shape, in use one year. Too small for my work. Terms to right man. T. A. Eisenbise. 25

FOR SALE—Cheap. Mason Hamlin Piano Organ. Geo. Moss, box 58. 23

RYE SEED—For sale. \$2 per bushel. Apply to Chris. Bartach. 24

WANTED—To buy second hand grain separator, good shape standard make, size 30. Send full particulars first letter. W. Watson, Standard. 24

LOST—Chain tightener between Revelstoke Sawmill yards and Brown's Transfer. Reward for return Brown's Transfer. 22

WANTED—To exchange oil work tractor, 12-25 h.p. in good working condition, in use one year. Will exchange for horses or cattle. Apply to Joseph Desjardine, P. O. Box 185, Gleichen. 24

LOST—Five dollars reward, 1 cow branded OJ under half diamond with calf at foot, color part Jersey. Apply to T. Jones, Cluny. 24

\$10 REWARD—Is offered for the recovery of cattle branded with DE on left ribs and horses branded G on left thigh. Mrs. J. H. Chandler, Nanton, Alta. 20

ESTRAY—Poll Angus black bull, yearling, tag on left ear number 44. Owner may have same by paying for this ad. Apply to J. H. Walker. 21

## Joseph O'Keeffe

BARRISTER,  
SOLICITOR,  
NOTARY.

Also solicitor of the Supreme Court Ireland and King's Bench Manitoba.

Telephone No. 19  
Office Rooms 5 and 6,  
The Royal Bank of Canada Building  
GLEICHEN, ALTA.

## NOTICE

All persons are hereby warned against buying any grain, hay or other produce, cattle, horses, wagons, harness, saddles, mowers or rakes from any Indian of the Blackfoot reserve without an officially printed permit issued by the Indian Agent

Also not to take in pledge or make any loan upon any article to any Indian under penalty of having any such articles seized and being prosecuted for illegal pawning

J. H. GOODERHAM  
Indian Agent

## F. A. McHUGH & SONS

### BLIND CREEK, ALTA

Owners of horses branded H2 left thigh, 2H left thigh, 2 left thigh and 1 left shoulder. Cattle branded H2 left ribs or left hip or both left ribs and left hip. 101 left hip —left ribs.

## PRIZE WINNERS AT GLEICHEN EXHIBITION

(Continued from page 1)

Plymouth Rock—Barras  
Cock—M. H. Murray and special by Webster Bros.

Hen—M. Murray, M. Murray.  
Cockerel—A. W. Reed, A. W. Reed.  
Pullet—A. W. Reed, A. W. Reed.

Plymouth Rock—White  
Cockerel—H. Carrick.  
Pullet—T. Carrick, H. Carrick.

Wyandotte—White  
Cock—1 and 1, Mrs. W. F. Erford and special by P. A. Hall.

Hen—Mrs. W. F. Erford, R. J. Taylor.  
Cockerel—1 and 2, Mrs. W. F. Erford.  
Pullet—Mrs. W. F. Erford, A. G. G. Hamar.

Rhode Island Red  
Cock—Geo. Moss, M. Murray.  
Hen—W. Sanders, H. Carrick.  
Pullet—W. Sanders, H. Carrick.

Pit or Old English Game  
Cock—Dave Wilson, Dave Wilson.  
Hen—Dave Wilson, Dave Wilson.  
Cockerel—H. Carrick.  
Pullet—H. Carrick, H. Carrick.

Minerac S.C.  
Cockerel—1 and 2, H. Carrick.  
Pullet—1 and 2, H. Carrick.

Leghorns S.C.—White  
Cockerel—W. H. Goodwin, H. Carrick.  
Pullet—W. H. Goodwin, Dave Wilson.

Leghorns S.C.—Brown  
Hen—1 and 2, W. H. Goodwin.  
Cockerel—W. H. Goodwin.  
Pullet—1 and 2, W. H. Goodwin.

Leghorns R.C.—Brown  
Cock—W. H. Goodwin.  
Hen—1 and 2, W. H. Goodwin.  
Cockerel—1 and 2, W. H. Goodwin.  
Pullet—1 and 2, W. H. Goodwin and special by S. A. Hall.

Bantams, any variety, cock and hen  
—Won by A. D. Batty.

Turkeys, old cock—J. H. Wilson, Mrs. W. F. Erford.

Turkeys, hen—Mrs. W. F. Erford, Mrs. W. F. Erford.

Ducks, Pekin, drake—W. H. Goodwin; hen, W. H. Goodwin.

Ducks, any other variety, drake—Mrs. W. F. Erford, John Prowse; duck, John Prowse, Mrs. W. F. Erford.

Geese, Toulouse, gander—Mrs. W. F. Erford, Mrs. W. F. Erford.

Ducklings, drake—John Prowse, Mrs. W. F. Erford; duck, John Prowse, Mrs. W. F. Erford.

Gooslings, gander—1 and 2, Mrs. E. F. Erford; goose, 1 and 2, Mrs. W. F. Erford.

Figeese, any variety, cock and hen—John Prowse.

Roots and Vegetables

Beets, table—A. O. Onstad, A. D. Batty.

Beans—A. D. Batty, John Prowse.

Carrots—John Prowse, Mrs. T. Plant.

Corn—J. C. Dales, John Newman.

Cabbages—John Finnigan, John Prowse.

Onions—A. D. Batty, Mrs. T. Plant.

Parasites—J. C. Dales, John Prowse.

Green peas, early—John Prowse.

Green peas, late—Mrs. J. A. McArthur, John Prowse.

Turnips, Swedes—John Prowse.

Turnips, white—John Prowse, A. D. Batty.

Best lawn garden, special by John G. Dales—John Finnigan.

Potatoes, russet—W. H. McPhee, J. T. Naylor; any other variety, O. Benneventur.

Special collection—John Newman, prize by P. K. McKay; W. H. McPhee, prize by Dr. Rose.

Lettuce—John Prowse, Mrs. J. A. McArthur.

Grains and Grasses

Wheat sheaves—D. McBean, W. H. McPhee.

Also Canadian Bank of Commerce medal.

Barley—W. H. McPhee, H. H. Ellis.

Oats, any variety—John Prowse, Nat Bowen; threshed, John Prowse.

Also Canadian Bank of Commerce medal.

Timothy—F. Daw, W. H. McPhee.

Red clover—W. H. Goodwin.

Alfalfa—Frank Daw, W. H. McPhee.

Western rye—F. Daw.

Brome grass—F. Daw.

Flax—W. H. McPhee, H. H. Ellis.

Best head of stock at exhibition—Special by W. W. Brown.—Won by John Prowse.

Boys' Association specials for Boys and girls

Pure bred calf—Evelyn Batty, Robert Taylor

Pure bred pig—Albert Prowse.

Educational

Geography, map of the Dominion—Chas. Plant; map of Alberta, Chas. Plant.

Paint drawing—R. J. Taylor.

Water color drawing—R. J. Taylor, B. Buckley.

Penmanship—Beatrice Buckley, Roy Wishart.

Best needlework of any school work—Vera Brown, B. Buckley.

Crayon work—Jean McMillan.

Home-Made Cooking

Two loaves bread, any flour—Mrs. John McEwen.

Two loaves bread, graham flour—Mrs. F. C. Nelson.

Two loaves bread, Royal Household flour—Mrs. Baker, Mrs. A. F. Wilson.

Two loaves of bread—Special prize by G. W. Mathews.

Two loaves of bread, Purify Flour—Mrs. H. R. Bennett, Mrs. A. F. Wilson.

Special prize by S. A. Hall.

Two loaves of bread, Robinhood flour—Mrs. W. F. Erford, Mrs. David McEwen.

Special prize by Webster Bros.

Two loaves of bread, Ellison Milling Co. flour—Mrs. John McEwen, Mrs. R. S. Haskayne.

Special prize by United Grain Growers' Grain Co.

Two loaves bread, any flour—Mrs. R. S. Haskayne, Mrs. John McEwen.

Special prize by N. W. Brown.

One dozen buns, plain—Mrs. McBean.

Mrs. R. S. Haskayne

One dozen buns, currant—Mrs. W. H. McPhee, Mrs. David McEwen.

One dozen baking powder biscuits—Mrs. A. A. Allen, Mrs. F. C. Nelson.

Let. cake—Mrs. W. H. James, Mrs. T. W. Bates.

One dozen cookies, plain—Mrs. W. Sanders, Mrs. R. A. Allen.

One dozen cookies, fruit—Mrs. Wm. Sanders.

Lemon pie—Mrs. R. A. Allen.

Fruit pie—Mrs. G. H. Farquharson.

Collection of preserves—Mrs. A. T. Wilson, Mrs. W. H. Busby.

Collection of jellies—Mrs. A. T. Wilson.

Butter in 2-gallon crock—Mrs. W. F. Erford.

Butter, 1-lb. print—Mrs. R. J. Burne, also special by Webster Bros.; Mrs.

(Continued on page 5)

## BUY AN IRRIGATED FARM FROM THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY BECAUSE:

Irrigation makes the farmer independent of rainfall, and in sure good crops, not occasionally, but every year.

Irrigation makes possible the successful culture of alfalfa, the king of fodders, which insures good returns in dairying and mixed farming.

Irrigation means intensive farming and close settlement with all the advantages of a densely populated agricultural community

Irrigation in the Canadian Pacific Railway Irrigation Block is no longer an experiment, the years that it has been tried having absolutely demonstrated its success wherever in intelligently applied.

This is the most liberal offer of irrigated farm land on record. For full particulars apply to

ALLAN CAMERON, Gen. Supt. of Lands

Canadian Pacific Railway, Dept. of Natural Resources, 928 1st St. E. CALGARY, ALBERTA

You can buy irrigated land from the Canadian Pacific Railway at prices up to \$50

per acre, with 20 years to pay and the privilege of a loan of \$2,000 for improvements

(6% interest): no principle after first pay-

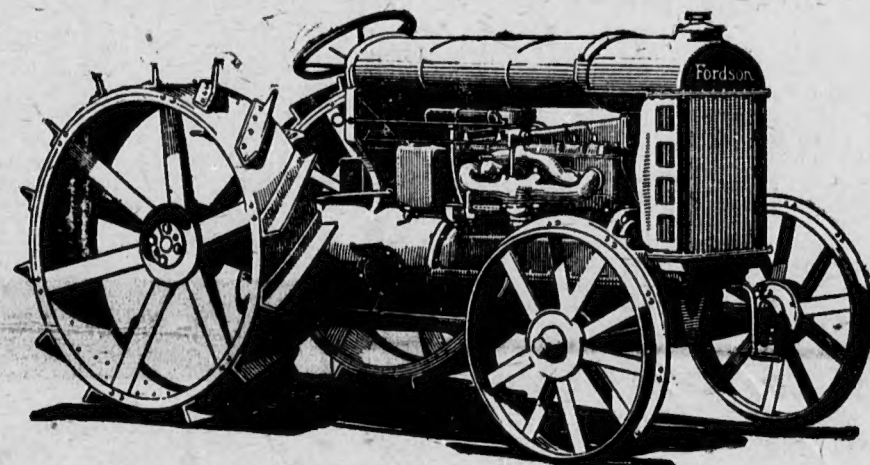
ment until end of fourth year, reduced in-

terest if settlement conditions are complied

and no water rental for first year. Contract

can be paid off before maturity if desired.

## Now is The Time to Order Your Fordson Tractor



We handle: Fordson Tractor. Oliver No. 7 plow Ford one ton truck. New Ford touring and runabout cars. We also have some good bargains in used cars come in and look them over. A stock of genuine Ford parts on hand. Ford repair work a specialty. Prices reasonable and all work guaranteed. Ford Garage.

W. R. McKIE, Prop.

## Cream and Milk

For sale in large or small quantities. Delivered fresh morning or evening. Apply to M. Murray.

## SEND ALL OF YOUR

## JOB PRINTING

THE CALL OFFICE

## GEO. W. EVANS

Undertaking  
and Embalming

Artificial wreaths always on hand  
Weather extremes will not effect  
these flowers in any way.

Gleichen, - Alta

## NOTICE BRANDS

Will thankfully receive any information regarding stock carrying the following brands:

HORSES  
on left shoulder. on left hip  
on left thigh. on left rib  
on right hip

J. L. BUTLER,  
Box 123, Gleichen, Alta

## A. R. TUDHOPE

Licensed Auctioneer for  
the Province of Alberta terms  
right

Dealer in some of the best  
makes of tractors and power  
farming machinery.

We will sell soldiers, settling on land, Massey-Harris implements at wholesale prices.

Agent for

Massey-Harris Implements  
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## MOST EVERYONE USES THEM FOR THE STOMACH

They Act Quickly, and Make You  
Feel Lively as a Kid.

A crowning curative triumph in medicine is now given to the world, and all who have been sufferers from stomach ailments, indigestion and headache can be cured by a purely vegetable remedy.

Calomel, salts and such like are no longer necessary. They are harsh and disagreeable. Science has devised something far superior, and you can go today with 25¢ to any druggist and buy a box of Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which are considered the very quickest and safest cure for the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys.

Half sick men and women who scarcely know what ails them, will be given a new lease of life, with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Depressed spirits disappear, headaches are forgotten, appetite increases, blood is purified and enriched, pains at the base of the spine are cured, the nerves are toned up, ambition to work is increased, and day by day the old-time health and vigor return.

A trial only is necessary to prove how beneficial Dr. Hamilton's Pills are to all who are weak, nervous, thin, depressed or in failing health.

## THE COW PUNCHER

— BY —  
ROBERT J. C. STEAD

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arrangement with Thos. Allen,  
Toronto.

(Continued.)

Dave watched. Saw the black card go down at one corner of the board; saw a bystander fumbling for a five dollar bill; saw the bill laid on the card; saw it turned up—and it was red.

"That is smooth," he said. "I'd a sworn that was the black card."

"So it was—when you saw it," his companion explained. "But you were just like the sucker that played him. You couldn't help glancing at the jay getting out his money, and it was in that instant the trick was done. He's too quick for the eye, but that's how he does it."

Dave became interested. He saw two or three others lose fivers and tens. Then his companion pinched his arm. "Watch that new guy," he whispered. "Watch him. He's wise."

A new player had approached. He stood near the table for some minutes, apparently looking on casually; then his left fist came down on one of the cards. "A hundred on this one," he said, and began thumbing out a roll with his other hand.

"You ain't playin'," said the dealer. "You ain't in on this."

"Ain't I? What do you say, fellows?" turning to the crowd. "Am I in or not?"

"Sure, you're in," they exclaimed. "Sure you're in," repeated a big fellow, lounging forward. "If this guy ain't in we clean you out, see?"

"It's on me," said the dealer, with an ugly smile. "Well, if I must pay, I pay. Turn 'er up."

It was black. The dealer paid out a hundred dollars to the new player, who quickly disappeared in the crowd.

Dave had made his decision. It was plain his companion's tip was straight. There was just one way to beat this game, but it was simple enough when you knew how. He sidled close to the table, making great pretense of indifference, but watching the cards closely with his keen black eyes. The dealer showed his hand, made a few quick passes, and the black card flew out to the right. This was Dave's chance. He pounced on it with his left hand, while his other plunged into his pocket.

"Sixty dollars on this one," he cried, and there was the triumphant note in his voice of the man who knows he has beaten the other at his own game.

"You ain't playin'," said the dealer. "You ain't in on this."

"That don't go," said Dave, very quietly. "You're playin' a public game here, an' I choose to play with you, this once. Sixty dollars on this card." He was fumbling his money on the table.

"You ain't playin'," repeated the dealer. "You're a butt-in. You ain't in this game at all."

"Sure he's in," said the crowd.

## Your Eyes

Granulated Eyelids.  
Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind  
quickly relieved by Marine  
Eye Remedy. No Stinging,  
No Smarting,  
Just Eye Comfort. At  
Your Druggists or by mail 60c per Bottle.  
For Book of the Eye from which  
Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

"Sure he's in," repeated the big fellow who had interfered before. "He's a stranger here, but you play with him or you don't play no more in this joint, see?"

"That's hittin' me twice in the same spot, an' hittin' me hard," whined the dealer, "but you got it on me. Turn 'er up."

The card was red.

Dave looked at it stupidly. It was a moment or two before he realized that his money was gone. Then, regardless of those about, he rushed through the crowd, flinging by-standers right and left, and plunged into the night.

He walked down a street until it lost itself on the prairie; then he followed a prairie trail far into the country. The air was cold and a few drops of rain were flying in it, but he was unconscious of the weather. He was in a rage through and through. More than once his hand went to his revolver, and he half turned on his heel to retrace his steps, but his better judgment led him on to fight it out with himself. Slop-eye was now a dream, a memory, gone-gone. Everything was gone; only his revolver and a few cents remained. He gripped the revolver again. With that he was supreme. No man in all that town of men, schooled in the ways of the West, was more than his equal while that grip lay in his palm. At the point of that muzzle he could demand his money back—and get it.

Then—he laughed. Hollow and empty it sounded in the night air, but it was a laugh, and it saved his spirit. "Why, you fool," he chuckled. "You came to town for to learn somethin', didn't you? Well, you're learnin'. Sixty dollars a throw. Education comes high, don't it? But you shouldn't kick. He didn't coax you in, an' gave you every chance to back away. You butted in and got stung. Perhaps you've learned—somethin' worth sixty dollars."

With these more philosophical thoughts he turned toward again, and as he tramped along his light-heartedness re-asserted itself. His sense of fairness made him feel that he had no grievance against the card sharper, and in his innocence of the ways of the game it never occurred to him that the friendly stranger who had showed him how to play it, and the big fellow who insisted on his being "in", and the other player who had won a hundred dollars a few minutes before, were all partners with the sharper and, probably, at this moment were dividing his sixty dollars—the price of old Slop-eye—between them.

Early next morning he was awake and astir. The recollection of his loss sent a sudden pang through his morning spirits, but he tried to close his mind to it. "No use worryin' over that," he said, jingling the few coins that now represented his wealth. "That's over and gone. I traded sixty dollars for my first lesson. Maybe it was a bad trade, but anyway, I ain't goin' to squeal." He turned that thought over in his mind. It suddenly occurred to him that it expressed a principle which he might very well weave into his new life. "If I can just get that idea, an' live up to it," he said, "never to squeal, no matter what hits me, now how, I guess it's worth sixty dollars." He whistled as he finished dressing, ate his breakfast cheerfully, and set out in search of employment.

### CHAPTER FIVE

Almost the first person he met was the stranger who had schooled him in the gambling game the night before. He greeted Dave cordially; his voice had a soft, sedulous, almost feminine quality which Dave had not noticed in their whispered conversation in the pool room. There was something attractive about his personality; something which invited friendship and even confidence, and yet beneath these emotions Dave felt a sense of distrust, as though part of his nature rebelled against the acquaintance.

"That was the rottenest luck you had last night," the stranger was saying. "I never saw the beat of it. I knew you were wrong the moment you had your hand down, but I couldn't butt in then. I was hoping you'd stay and raise him next time; you might have got your money back that way."

"Oh, I don't mind the money," said Dave, cheerfully. "I don't want it back. In fact, I figure it was pretty well spent."

"Lots more where it came from, eh?" laughed the other. "You're from the ranches, I see, and I suppose the price of a steer or two doesn't worry you a hair's worth."

"From is right," Dave replied. "I'm from them, an' I'm not goin' back. As for money—well, I spent my last nickel for breakfast, so I've got to line up a job before noon."

The stranger extended his hand. "Shake," he said. "I like you. You're

no squealer, anyway. My name is Conward. Yours?"

Dave told his name, and shook hands. Conward offered his cigarette box, and the two smoked for a few moments in silence.

"What kind of a job do you want?" Conward asked at length.

"Any kind that pays a wage," said Dave. "If I don't like it I'll chuck it as soon as I can afford t' be particular, but just now I've got to get a grub-stake."

"I know the fellow that runs an employment agency down here," Conward answered. "Let's go down. Perhaps I can put you in right."

Conward spoke to the manager of the employment agency and introduced Dave.

"Nothing very choice on tap today," said the employment man. "You can handle horses, I suppose?"

"I guess I can," said Dave. "Some."

"I can place you delivering coal. Thirty dollars a month, and you board with the boss."

"I'll take it," said Dave.

The boss proved to be one Thomas Melford. He owned half a dozen teams and was engaged in the cartage business, specializing on coal. He was a man of big frame, big head, and a vocabulary appropriate to the purpose to which he applied it. Among his other possessions were a wife, numerous children, and a house and barn, in which he boarded his beasts of burden, including in the term his horses, his men, and his wife, in the order of their valuation. The children were a by-product, valueless until such time as they also would be able to work.

(To be continued.)

## Cuba Terrified By Voodoo Worshippers

Cannibalistic Practice Resulted in  
Death of Three Children

Havana, Cuba.—With the recent sudden outbreak of cannibalistic practice by voodoo worshippers, which have resulted in the death of at least three innocent children and a half dozen of the Voodoos, the latter by Lynch law for the first time in this country's history, fathers and mothers are living in constant fear that their little ones may be spirited away by the superstitious negroes to be offered up in sacrifice to Chango, the god of the Brujos, as they are called in the Castilian language.

The Voodoos are divided into various sects, each with its separate god. The latter include Babagwey, god of sickness; Elecua, god of injury; Olurun, god of misery, and Chango, the terrible god, to whom human sacrifices are made.

Chango, according to the Voodoo belief, was the son of Olurun and Anaragua. He was slain by Elecua, the god of injury, and ascended into Heaven from a Ceiba, or god tree, in the month of May. It is in the month of May, therefore, that the Brujos observe their holy week, when Chango is expected to make a week's visit to the earth, descending by the Ceiba, has sacred tree, always on Monday.

The followers of Elecua do not directly offer human sacrifice, although their healers sacrifice the lives of some patient by giving them poisonous concoctions, supposedly a mysterious cure for some ailment, in order to restore to health some other patient. Elecua, being the god of injury, his followers believe that good can come to one person only through injury to another.

Voodooism is not practiced by the negroes alone. Many white persons also are said secretly to take part in their religious meetings, and accusations have been heard in various quarters of the difficulties encountered by officers seeking to break up their temples because of the obstacles placed in their way by persons of influence.

An active campaign by the authorities in Havana and other parts of the island have resulted in the capture of numerous Brujos and the seizure of many curious and weird objects used by them.

### Indians Given Franchise

Toronto.—Under the Referendum Act of 1919, all Indians who were on active service are entitled to the franchise. Accordingly enumerators, who are in most cases returned Indians, have been appointed, and polling booths will be set up on the various reserves.

"Waiter, there's a fly in this ice cream!"

"Serves him right, sir. Hope he freezes to death. He was in another gentleman's soup yesterday and I'll be downright glad to get rid of him."

Two men in a town out west were sentenced to 60 days each for selling bad eggs. It would seem only just that they should bear the yolk.

## For Benefit Of Farmers

Merchants' Bank Establishes Rural  
Service Department in Western  
Provinces

As an evidence of the forward movement being taken by the banks in lending assistance to the farmers may be cited the fact that the Merchants' Bank of Canada has recently established a Rural Service Department for the western provinces. One of the efforts of this department will be to assist specifically in alleviating conditions due to the feed shortage.

It is now announced that Mr. James L. Clarke, formerly manager of the bank's branches at Sedgewick, Alta, Oak Lake, Man., and Grenfell, Sask., has been appointed manager



JAMES L. CLARKE

for the western provinces with headquarters at Regina.

Mr. Clarke is well qualified for his new position, having had extended experience both as a banker and farmer. For many years he conducted the Lyledale Stock Farm at Sedgewick, where he acquired practical knowledge of mixed farming. Mr. Clarke will now devote his time and energies to the study of western conditions, and more particularly to problems vital to the farmer and rancher. Farmers and stockmen may feel free to consult with Mr. Clarke either by letter or by a personal interview. His office is located at 1825 Scarth Street, Regina.

## German Rioters Kill Soldiers

Crowd Threatened to Interfere With  
Burial Ceremonies

Berlin.—Eight officers and 15 privates were killed, and six officers and 85 privates were wounded in the rioting last week at Chemnitz, Saxony, according to an official announcement. The dead will be interred with military honors at Frankenberg instead of at Chemnitz, owing to the continued hostility of a large section of the populace to the government troops. Crowds gathered in front of the flower shops where wreaths for the dead officers and men were displayed and demanded that they be removed. The crowd threatened to interfere with the burial ceremonies.

All Upper Silesia is without electric power owing to the spread of the general strike to the electrical workers. Industrial activity is at a standstill. The state commissioner has threatened, in view of the seriousness of the situation, to introduce compulsory labor in Upper Silesia and to man the electric power plants with militia.

### Re-open the Louvre

Paris.—The Louvre, the national museum, which has been closed to the public since the beginning of the war, will be re-opened shortly. It is being completely cleaned and overhauled and is being painted for the first time in fifty years.

Girls who make it their business to look for husbands are apt to find them, but they seldom boast of the find in after years.

## CLEAR THE NOSTRILS IN FIVE MINUTES

Routs Out Catarrh, Stops  
Sniffling, Prevents Sneezing

CATARHOGONE IS A MARVEL

It just takes about five minutes for the penetrating vapor of Catarrhogene to clear out clogged nostrils. Hard crusts and accumulations are quickly removed. The soothing balsams of Catarrhogene draw out every vestige of inflammation, nose colds stop as if by magic, Catarrh is prevented, better health is assured.

To cure colds without taking drugs may seem almost too much to believe, but Catarrhogene does it quickly and effectively. Endorsed by physicians, and in common use by the people of many nations. All dealers sell Catarrhogene, complete outfit \$1.00; small size 50c; sample size 25c, direct from the Catarrhogene Co., Kingston, Canada.

W. N. U. 1278

## Co-Operative Marketing Of Livestock

Stock Marketing Associations Are  
Doing Business on an Extensive  
Scale

The co-operative marketing of livestock has made great progress in the Prairie Provinces of Canada. Dotted over the country from Winnipeg to the Rockies local livestock shipping associations are in operation. Many of these are associated with the United Farmers' movement, but in Saskatchewan more especially stock marketing associations incorporated under the Agricultural Associations Act are doing business on an extensive scale. It is fair to assume that more and more of the livestock of Western Canada will be marketed by the farmers themselves as the country continues to develop. Through this system they will become more familiar with the methods and principles of marketing and will thus be encouraged to so improve and finish their animals as to reap the fullest value of their efforts.

## The New Farmer

His Attitude to the Farm Has  
Changed the Whole Outlook

The new farmer works from a totally different standpoint from that of the old. He is not looking to an eventual sale, nor to the illusory enjoyment of doing nothing in the city, but takes a genuine interest in the vocation itself. He has found out that, while the land responds readily to small attentions from the farmer, it in no wise demands that he think exclusively of his tilling and of his neighbor's affairs, and neglect his duties as a member of the body politic. He has learned the value of undertaking only what he can accomplish, so that he does not fall into the habit of leaving some of his work half done and some unattempted. He avails himself of some of the many labor-saving devices which modern development offers. He believes that the slovenly farm is no more effective than the slovenly office. He tears out the unsightly system of makeshifts, that so readily betray the incompetent farmer, and replaces them with strong, lasting fixtures. He abhors the broken window, the loose hinge, the rickety fence, the leaky roof, and finds that it costs him little more in time and money to repair them well, and without delay, than it cost his predecessor to muddle with makeshifts, while the farm as a result, begins to assume the character of a flourishing concern. His attitude to the farm has changed the whole outlook. Both the fields and the homestead look attractive, not as a bait for the buyer, but because he feels it better for the home and better for himself and his family that it should look attractive.

Thus there is a new prosperity coming to the country places, and a new type of husbandman who knows how to enjoy it, who has not only his ideals for the farm itself, but a consciousness of his proper relations to the community as a whole.—Christian Science Monitor.

## Sunflower Silage

Use of Sunflowers Likely to Be Followed by Many Farmers in  
Western Canada

The use of sunflowers for ensilage is a relatively new practice, but it is one that is likely to be followed by many farmers in Western Canada, where experiments seem to show that good crops are obtainable, especially in the irrigated areas.

At the University of Saskatchewan, sunflowers have been grown in a small way on non-irrigated land for the last eight years. A careful record of the yield of the crop has been kept, but no attempt was made to utilize the crop as a feed until 1918, when a considerable acreage was sown for silage purposes. Last winter sunflower silage was fed to cattle with apparently very satisfactory results.

No extensive feeding trials were made, but in a short test of sunflower silage compared with oat silage given to milk cows, the former produced slightly more milk than the latter. This test should not, however, be given undue weight, as it was only carried out for a few days.

Under irrigation in Southern Alberta sunflowers have been found to do very well, giving excellent yields. It has been used as ensilage and cut up and given green to cattle, which eat it with evident relish.

### Alberta Cattle for France

Twenty-eight cars of beef cattle, approximating 600 head, were shipped to France from Calgary, Alberta, this week. Several trainloads of stockers have been shipped already from Alberta to France and Belgium to help fill up the sadly depleted herds in those countries, and many more will be sent there in the near future.

## American Farmers Come To Manitoba

High Rents Cause Heavy Migration  
to Canada

Winnipeg.—That there is an ever-increasing demand for farm lands in western Canada, and particularly in Manitoba within a radius of 100 miles of Winnipeg, was the statement made by Ralph C. Duncan, manager of the United Grain Growers' Securities company. The company has just closed its fifth year's business which has been very satisfactory.

Mr. Duncan said that the feeling is that it is good business to buy good rather than cheap land, and this is borne out in sales of a better class of lands than heretofore. Many of the purchasers are Americans, who have been forced by increased rents to seek new localities. They have found that the rents which they would have to pay in the United States would go far toward the purchase of farms of their own in Manitoba, and this inducement has led to many sales by the company of farm lands in the province.

The company is receiving many inquiries for land in the Bulkley valley, British Columbia, along the line of the G.T.P. The soil in that district is a chocolate loam, very deep and rich in natural vegetation. The conformation is rolling, to level plateaus—a country of bush, open prairies, lakes and streams. There are large patches of open prairie and the wooded portions are easily cleared. The land is suitable for mixed farming and especially for grazing. Timothy hay is the great product at present. Oats and barley come next, and wheat can be grown to advantage. The climate is more temperate than on the prairies and high winds do not prevail. There is also a well developed system of provincial roads for automobile travel. This land is reasonable in price and may be purchased at from \$10 to \$15 per acre.

## World's Largest Farm

No Horses Are Used, the Work All  
Being Done By Tractors

A 200,000-acre farm, the largest in the world, which is the direct result of the U.S. Government's efforts to stimulate the growing of wheat, is described by Robert H. Moulton.

"The farm is devoted entirely to wheat, and if it produces somewhere around the average of 28 bushels per acre, which is practically certain, it will add approximately five million six hundred thousand bushels to the 1919 wheat crop."

"All of the work is being done with tractors. Last fall when the first ground was broken, there were fifty monster machines at work tearing up the prairie sod. This spring others have been at work. They plow on an average one acre a minute for the working time. A record was made one day of eighteen hundred and eighty acres turned and broken. All the seeding, harvesting, etc., will also be done by tractors, and then, of course, there are the threshing machines. Hence the absolute no-accountness of horses about this place."

### Lucky for William

It is lucky for William Hohenzollern that his trial is to take place on English soil—not at all because the English will be more sympathetic with him than another nation might be, but because there is a traditional fairness and impartiality about English justice which no other country, not even our own, has been able to surpass. The object of the French and Italian courts is to obtain a conviction; the aim of an English court is to administer justice. Our own practice is marred by far too much opportunity for delay, by devices of technicality that cheat justice of her due.—New York Times.

### Break Off Negotiations

Berlin.—The decision of the Polish delegates to break off negotiations which have been going on during the past few days in Berlin, relative to a plebiscite over the ultimate frontier between Germany and Poland, came in the nature of a complete surprise to the German officials assigned to be present at the deliberations, as well as the government, which evidently was wholly unprepared for such action.

### Large Policy Written

Chicago.—The world's largest insurance policy has been written in Chicago. The policy insures the Cleveland Railways company against "riot and civil commotion" for \$10,110,000. The annual premium is \$37,110.

Binks: "Do you and your wife ever think the same?"

Jinks: "When I'm out late at the club we do. She keeps thinking what she'll say when I get home, and so do I."

## LEMONS WHITEN AND BEAUTIFY THE SKIN

Make This Beauty Lotion Cheaply for  
Your Face, Neck, Arms and Hands

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quart of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness, and tan, and is the ideal skin softener, whitener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quart of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It is marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands.

## Finding Ways To Avoid Peace Terms

Significance of Militarizing Police in  
Germany Is Great

Coblenz.—The militarization of German police allegedly contrary to the terms of the treaty of peace, has already been begun, according to information reaching authorities here. In the city of Cassel, the police were recently completely organized on military lines by the Prussian government, it is said, and are now equipped with steel helmets and rifles and follow the routine of a military company in their barracks. Of the 300 state police in office in Cassel, 100 have elected to be transferred to the new organization, and the remainder have been given places in the civil service.

The ultimate size of the new militarized police organization has not been announced. Those studying the demobilization and reorganization of the German army say that the significance of militarizing police in Germany is great.

American officers have records of an announcement that the Prussian state government, quite apart from the national government, was to organize a "schutzmannschaft" or state police force throughout Prussia, which would be virtually military units in garrisons with full infantry equipment, but would be under control of the minister of the interior and used only for the repression of internal disorders. These troops, according to the plan, were to be quite apart and in excess of the army permitted Germany under the terms of the peace treaty.

A semi-official announcement, however, states that it is appreciated that these troops are not permitted under the terms of the peace treaty, but the hope is expressed that the allies will be "reasonable" and permit their organization. The Cassel incident, it is contended by American officers, occurred long after the treaty was signed, but before the allied and inter-allied commission on military control of Germany had begun to function, shows the Prussian government is proceeding to organize a military force, trusting that the allies will not take any action against it.

### London's First Telephone Line

With telephones in such common use today, it seems hard to realize that a little more than 40 years ago a number of prominent business men in London held a meeting to decide whether or not they should venture to invest some capital in the construction of telephone lines. They were of opinion that the telephone could not be of any great commercial value, but might be used as a means of transmitting the late speeches made in the House of Commons to newspaper offices. As a matter of fact, the first public telephone line established in London connected the House of Commons with the Times office and was used for the purpose just mentioned.

### Settlement with Former Emperor

Berlin.—A bill has been submitted to the Prussian cabinet which provides that 170,000 marks shall be handed over to former Emperor William as total settlement for the civil list he lost "through forced abdication," according to a Weimar dispatch to Die Freiheit.

The cabinet has not yet reached a decision, it is said, because the scheme is opposed by Herr Von Braun, the minister of agriculture.

An empty head contains a lot of useless information.

## PILES

Do not suffer another day with itching, bleeding, or protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and be certain cure. You can get a trial bottle of Chase's Ointment at any drug store. Sample sent free if you mention this paper and enclose 3c stamp to pay postage.



## WORKING AFTER SIXTY?

You surely must if you don't save when you are young. An Excelsior Endowment is the best way. Write for pamphlet to-day

**THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.**  
WINNIPEG SASKATOON EDMONTON VANCOUVER

## Germans Suspect

## Imperial Plot

Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany.—It is the opinion of the press and public in Germany that the new coup in Hungary will result in the starting of a monarchist counter-revolution inspired and led by the imperialist entente, not only in Hungary, but in Europe generally. That the entente allied itself with the Hapsburg house to overthrow a moderate Socialist government at the very moment when this government was making every effort to lead Hungary back to democracy is inspiring the German monarchist counter-revolutionists.

A human riddle is any man or woman you happen to know—including yourself.

## THE MAN WHO WINS

Is Always Full of Life and Energy — Failures Are Weak and Bloodless.

Some men seem to have all the luck. If there are any good things going these men seem to get them. They make other people do their will—they are leaders. If they are business men they are successful; if they are workmen they get the foreman's job. They have the power of influencing people.

The same thing is true of women. Some have the charm that makes men seek them out; others are always neglected. But this is not luck. It is due to a personal gift—vitality. Men and women of this sort are never weak, puny invalids. They may not be big, but they are full of life and energy. The whole thing is a matter of good blood, good nerves and good health. Everyone would wish to be like this and the qualities that make for vitality and energy are purely a matter of health. By building up the blood and nerves sleeplessness, want of energy, weakness of the back, stooping shoulders, headaches and the ineffectual sort of presence which really comes of weakness can all be got rid of. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have made many weak, tired, nervous and healthy, and many pale, dejected girls and women plump, rosy and attractive, by improving their blood and toning up their nerves. If you are weak, ailing, low-spirited or unhealthy, begin to cure yourself today by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

You can get these Pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

It's dead easy for a woman to beat a man in an argument; all she has to do is to turn on the briny flow.

Time Has Tested It.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has been on the market upwards of thirty years and in that time it has proved a blessing to thousands. It is in high favor throughout Canada and its excellence has carried its fame beyond the seas. It has no equal in the whole list of liniments. If it were double the price it would be a cheap liniment.

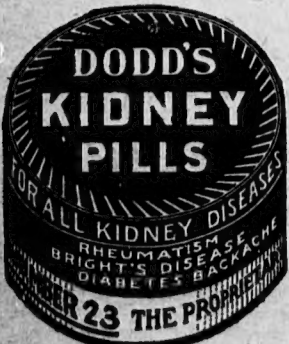
## Will Drill For Oil

Imperial Oil Company Make Another Attempt in Alberta

Lethbridge, Alta. — Announcement was made here by Charles E. Taylor, chief geologist for the Imperial Oil company in Alberta, that as a result of a geological survey made by 12 crews who have been working the foothills section of Alberta, all spring and summer, the company will start drilling southwest of Lethbridge as soon as a rig can be put in the ground. The site of the drilling operations already has been chosen.

The company is determined to make a final test of Alberta for oil, and their campaign plans for the drilling a series of test holes in the first anticline east of the mountains all the way from the international boundary to the McKenzie River basin.

If a fat woman could see a moving-picture of herself running to catch a street-car, she would wait for the next car.



## Honor For General Currie

Is Made Full General, Inspector-General for Canada, and Military Councillor to Government

Ottawa.—At a dinner given in Sir Arthur Currie's honor at the Country Club, Major-Gen. S. C. Mewburn, Minister of Militia, announced that the corps commander had been elevated to the rank of full general for the whole of Canada, and made military councillor, a position that means he will be chief military advisor to the Minister of Militia.

These promotions have been approved by the cabinet council, and merely have to be finally ratified by the governor-general in council, announced General Mewburn, who said that they were a slight expression of the appreciation of the services rendered by General Currie to Canada and the British Empire. This means that the commander of the Canadian corps has the distinction of being the first military officer in Canada and the only one at the present time to hold the full rank of general.

## Are Old Folks Good Spellers

Schools of Years Ago Were More Efficient Than the Schools of Today

They had an old-fashioned spelling bee at the New York Chatauqua the other day, and the casualties were so heavy that the list had to be given out in instalments. Among the victims were professors and teachers, ministers, lawyers and doctors.

The younger men and women gradually dropped out, and the last ten belonged to a previous age in American education. The very last two were white-haired women, old enough to be grandmothers of some of the contestants.

Some will say this shows that the schools of years ago were more efficient than the schools of today, or at any rate taught spelling more efficiently. But is it not possible that many old people are good spellers simply because they are old? Nearly all of us improve as spellers as we grow older.

## Germans For Argentine.

Buenos Aires. — Baron von Dembowski Haddenhausen, former German minister to Argentina, who arrived here early this month, represents a German colonization syndicate, which is buying land to accommodate Germans who are coming to Argentina, the newspaper Eldiaric says.

The newspaper asserts that the baron and his fellow agents have already bought 12,000 hectares (29,640 acres) and are actively exchanging cablegrams with Berlin.

Make a noise like a dollar and the world will give you the glad-hand.

## Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Australia Bars Enemy Aliens. Melbourne. — An amendment to the Commonwealth Immigration act has been introduced into the house of representatives, providing that no persons of former enemy parentage or nationality shall be admitted to the commonwealth for five years.

I bought a horse with a supposedly incurable ringbone for \$30.00. Cured him with \$1.00 worth of MINARD'S LINIMENT and sold him for \$85.00. Profit on Liniment, \$54. MOISE DEROSCE, Hotel Keeper, St. Philippe, Que.

The Japanese Royal Family may be photographed when driving in a carriage, but not on horseback or walking. This is a great concession to democracy as when the coronation took place in 1915 photographs of the emperor and empress shown in shop windows had the faces of their majesties obscured by pieces of paper.

Bolshevik Driven From Odessa. London.—The Bolsheviks have been driven from Odessa, the most important port in the Black Sea, by the populace of the city, according to reports received by the British war office. It is reported also that the Soviet forces are evacuating Kiev and the entire Ukraine.

W. N. U. 1276

## Marketing Crop On The Hoof

Policy of Raising Crops for Livestock Is Being Followed With Much Success

On many of the irrigated farms in Southern Alberta the policy of raising crops for the livestock carried is being followed with much success. The farm of the Canada Land and Irrigation Company at Lonsdale, Alberta, is a good example of what can be accomplished along these lines. The whole of the produce of this farm, with the exception of sweet corn and part of the potato crop and a surplus of vegetables, is consumed on the place.

About 20 to 30 Berkshire sows, raising from 150 to 200 pigs, and a small flock of pure bred sheep have been kept there. During the summer these have pastured on alfalfa, and the surplus of crop not pastured has been cut for hay to be fed to the sows during the winter. The alfalfa pastured by the stock calls for no expenses for cutting, curing and stacking hay, but results in a very profitable yield in pork and mutton. On irrigated alfalfa pasture one acre will supply fresh growing feed for five head of hogs and their litters, or five head of sheep and their lambs, and still leave a surplus to be cut for hay.

Fresh growing pasture has marked advantages in putting weight on stock. It produces more milk for the young animals and also furnishes a pasture of tender and nourishing feed upon which they will thrive. On November 1st, 1918, the average weight of grade lambs taken from the range herd in the spring and put on irrigated pasture was 137 lbs., whereas at the same date the pick of 100 head of lambs from the range herd run on the prairie averaged 92 lbs. Both were about the same age, and the lambs pastured on the prairie were considered exceptionally good. Lambs from the pure bred flock kept on the farm averaged 150 lbs. at the same date.

In the comparison of pigs grown and fattened for market on irrigated lands, experience indicates that, because of the advantages of increased milk and fresh pasture for the young, the animals will average 20 lbs. heavier at the time of marketing than those raised on grain only.

During the winter the breeding stock are carried over by the surplus of alfalfa taken from the pasture, together with roots and ruffage as corn stover, pea vine, etc. The stock fed for market are given good alfalfa, peas, grain and roots.

In addition to the above, 300 to 500 head of spring lambs have been fed during the winter for market, and a number of weaning calves, and during some winters beef cattle.

## Airplanes to Protect Forests

Quebec.—Protection of forests by airplanes, said G. C. Picher, in charge of the forestry service of the province of Quebec, has proved very effective, and, he added, as soon as this new system proves to be possible in all regions of the province, it is understood that it will be exclusively adopted.

## Alarmist Crop Report Deplored

Sir John Aird Believes Crop Equal to Last Year

Toronto.—Alarmist reports respecting damage to the crops in western Canada have given the public mind an unduly gloomy picture of conditions, in the opinion of Sir John Aird, general manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, who recently returned from a trip to the Pacific coast.

Sir John said he believed that, if good threshing weather continued, the value of the western crops would be quite equal to that of last year. The grades shown thus far were better than 1918 and recent rains had greatly improved the feed situation. He pointed out that last year supposed authorities had estimated that the wheat yield might not exceed 125,000,000 bushels, but actually a total of 175,000,000 bushels was produced, and Sir John said this year's yield might equal that figure.

In central and southwestern Saskatchewan and in southern Alberta the yield was disappointing, but even in the poor districts his personal observation had shown him that good farming methods paid, and in the irrigation belt the production was satisfactory.

There was every year some damage from rust, but the situation did not warrant the extremely pessimistic reports of loss from this cause which he had seen in the newspapers on his return to Toronto.

"Why did you quit your last boss?" "Too timid," said the chauffeur.

"Eh?" "He got nervous every time the car turned over."—Judge.

## Rumanian Prince Is Giving Up Birthright

Announces That He Has Renounced Rights to Throne

Paris.—Crown Prince Charles of Rumania announces that he has renounced his rights to the throne of Rumania. The dispatch from Bucharest to Le Journal says:

"Crown Prince Charles is in his 26th year and contracted a morganatic marriage with Miss Zylia Lambirino in September, 1918, without the sanction of the king. He was disinherited for his marriage and his parents this year forced him to obtain a divorce. On June 11, a report was received in Paris that the crown prince had shot himself in the leg because his father insisted that he leave Rumania for six months. It was added that Charles was still deeply attached to his former wife. A report received in Vienna on July 11 said that King Ferdinand was endeavoring to find a wife for Charles among the European princesses."

## Horses Versus Elephant

Tests made to determine the respective pulling power of horses, men and elephants showed that two horses weighing 1,600 pounds each, together pulled 3,750 pounds, or 350 pounds more than their combined weight. One elephant weighing 12,000 pounds pulled 8,750 pounds, or 3,250 pounds less than its weight. Fifty men, aggregating 7,500 pounds, pulled 8,750 pounds, or just as much as the single elephant, but, like the horses, they pulled more than their own weight. One hundred men pulled twelve thousand pounds.

## Lace Machines for France

London, England. — Nottingham lace operatives are taking steps to bring to the notice of parliament the proposed transfer from Nottingham to France of lace machines to replace those destroyed by the Germans. The lace operatives raise no objection to the acquisition by French manufacturers of new machinery if obtainable, but urge that the disposal of existing machinery will lead to a great deal of unemployment in Nottingham. They propose that the Germans should be made to give up their machines to France.

## May Raise Russian Blockade

Paris.—The question of raising the blockade of Russia will be taken up shortly by the supreme council, the Echo de Paris says it is informed. The council, the newspaper adds, will consult with Marshal Foch on the subject of the disturbed situation in upper Silesia, and it is possible that allied troops may be sent into the region to occupy certain towns.

It's easy for any one to borrow trouble, but when it comes to borrowing happiness—well, that's different.

Conquers Asthma. To be relieved from the terrible suffocating due to asthma is a great thing, but to be safeguarded for the future is even greater. Not only does Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy bring prompt relief, but it introduces a new era of life for the afflicted. Systematic inhaling of smoke or fumes from the remedy prevents re-attacks and often effects a permanent cure.

## Re-Training Disabled Men

Canada Has Great Lead on United Kingdom

Ottawa.—"In respect to the industrial re-training of disabled men, Canada is far ahead of the United Kingdom," is the statement made by T. A. Stevenson, who is attached to the department of soldiers' civil re-establishment in an advisory capacity, representing the trades and labor congress of Canada, and who has just returned to the Dominion after an extensive tour of the British Isles, made for the purpose of reviewing the work of rehabilitation as carried on by the imperial government.

"There are approximately 15,000 disabled ex-soldiers in training in Great Britain. Whereas Canada has now approximately 11,000 men taking courses under direction of the vocational branch. The graduates show between two and three thousand for Great Britain, while in Canada the number is 5,300.

"It is obvious that the Dominion is leading the mother country when one realizes the vast difference in population, and the further fact that Great Britain is the leading industrial nation of the world."

Mr. Stevenson added: "While the vocational branch of the department of soldiers' civil re-establishment instructs in 300 different occupations, the number in Great Britain in which instruction is given totals fifty. By way of comparison, there are more men receiving direction instruction in industries in Toronto than there are in London, 2,600 being so trained in the Canadian city.

## Large Stocks Of Food In U.S. Storage

All Export Orders Filled and Stored Supplies Intended for Home Use

Boston.—District Attorney Pelletier has announced that investigators had discovered more than 5,000,000 pounds of sugar in storage at a warehouse in the Charlestown district. As the state laws make no provision for action against hoarders of foodstuffs, the district attorney instructed the inspectors to report their finding immediately to federal authorities.

Millions of pounds of butter and cheese and 14,000,000 dozens of eggs also have been found in warehouses here by agents of the department of justice, it was announced.

Seizure of some of the great stocks of food is said to be contemplated by the federal officers. Evidence of the discoveries is to be presented to a federal grand jury, which was convened in special session.

Enquiry into the large stocks of food found here developed, according to federal agents, that virtually all export orders had been filled and that the supplies on hand were held for domestic use.

In spite of the fact that there are always so many people looking for trouble and so many people finding it, there seems to be always enough trouble to keep everybody who desires it supplied.

Death has evidently traded his pale horse for an automobile.

## There Is Only One Genuine Aspirin

Only Tablets Marked With "Bayer Cross" Are Aspirin

If You Don't See the "Bayer Cross" on the Tablets, Refuse Them—They Are Not Aspirin



Your druggist gladly will give you the genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" because genuine Aspirin now is made by Canadians and owned by a Canadian company.

There is not a cent's worth of German interest in Aspirin, all rights being purchased from the U.S. Government.

During the war, acid imitations were sold as Aspirin in pill boxes and various other containers. But now you can get genuine Aspirin, plainly stamped with the safety "Bayer Cross." Aspirin proved safe by millions for Headache, Toothache, Earache, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Colds, Neuritis, and Pain generally.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets, also larger "Bayer" packages.

Aspirin is the trade mark, registered in Canada, of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylic acid.

## Will Restore Shantung to China.

Tokio. — Restitution to China by Japan of those parts of Shantung province, including Kiaochow, now occupied by Japanese forces, will be made without unnecessary delay, but the time required will be dependent upon the attitude of China, said Akashi Hara, Japanese premier, in answer to a question as to when actual restoration would take place.

## Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Ex-Kaiser Buys Estate

Utrecht, Holland. — Former Emperor William, who has been living at Amerongen since his arrival in Holland, has purchased the estate and house of Doorn, in the village of Doorn, near Utrecht, according to the Dagblad. The estate was bought from Baroness de Beaufort. It is about five miles north of Amerongen in the direction of Utrecht.

Don't Experiment Be A Moody User

## Keep Your Land Clean



Separates the weed seeds from the grain, and bags them separately. Grain cleaned ready for elevator or for seed, and no dockage at elevator. A separator guaranteed to do good work in all kinds of grain, threshing the grain clean from the head, putting it in the bin, not in the straw pile. A machine that has stood the test of time. Over 20,000 in use in Western Canada.

Power Required: No. 6 A. 24-32, with hand-feed attachments and straw carrier, requires 9 H.P. Engine. No. 6 A. 24-32, with hand-feed attachments and straw carrier, requires 10 H.P. Engine. No. 6 A. 24-32 Moody Self-Feeder and blower, requires 14 H.P. Engine. New 1919 model, No. 2-30-38, with hand-feed attachments and blower, requires 14 H.P. Engine. New Model, 1919, No. 2-30-38, with Moody Self-Feeder and Blower, requires 16-18 H.P. Engine. If you do not have an engine, secure prices on our 10 and 14 H.P. Victor Engine, made for Moody Separators, or our Parrett Tractor. If you have a Fordson Tractor, or a 10-20 Tractor, you have just the right power.

The New Home Machinery Company, Limited, Saskatoon, Sask. Camrose and Edmonton, Alberta Mitchell Hardware Company, Limited, Brandon, Man.

## No Protectorate

## Over Persia

Is Contemplated Between Great Britain and That Country

London.—Nothing in the nature of a protectorate over Persia is contemplated by the agreement between Great Britain and that country, Cecil B. Harmsworth, under-secretary of state for foreign affairs, told the Commons.

"The policy of His Majesty's government," Mr. Harmsworth said, "is to assist Persia to re-establish herself on a sound basis.

"There is not the slightest foundation for a suspicion that the government proposed or that the Persian government would have considered the creation anything in the nature of a protectorate.

"The Persian government turned to Great Britain as her most powerful friendly neighbor and this government would have departed from its traditional policy of warm interest in the Persian government had it declined to respond to her appeal."

## Manitoba Teachers Receive Increase

Winnipeg. — Manitoba's public school teaching staff, numbering about 3,300, will get an increase in salaries when they resume their duties for the fall term, September. The average increase will be about \$50, making a total of \$165,000.

## Suez Canal Blocked

London.—The Suez canal has been blocked by the sinking of the Italian cruiser Basilicata after an explosion, according to advices from Port Said. The cruiser sank near Tifefek.

## Catarhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Catarhal Deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE acts through the blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Catarhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing may be destroyed for ever. Many cases of Deafness are caused by Catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the Mucous Surfaces. ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. All Druggists 75c. Circulars free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

## \$81 an Acre from First Alfalfa Crop

From twenty acres of alfalfa on his irrigated farm at Coaldale, Alberta, Irwin Davis harvested fifty-four tons of hay at the first cutting. This hay has since been sold at the price of \$30 per ton in the stack, realizing \$81 to the acre—the average yield per acre was two and seven-tenths tons—not a bad return from the first crop. People in Coaldale are wondering what the returns will be from the next two crops this season.

## Worms Cause Fretfulness and Rob the Infant of Sleep, the Great Nourisher, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator Will Clear the Stomach and Intestines and Restore Healthfulness.

Each season has its specialty, and the hand that was blistered by the lawn mower now looks forward to the callouses of the coal shovel.

## THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, No. 7, No. 8, No. 9, No. 10, No. 11, No. 12, No. 13, No. 14, No. 15, No. 16, No. 17, No. 18, No. 19, No. 20, No. 21, No. 22, No. 23, No. 24, No. 25, No. 26, No. 27, No. 28, No. 29, No. 30, No. 31, No. 32, No. 33, No. 34, No. 35, No. 36, No. 37, No. 38, No. 39, No. 40, No. 41, No. 42, No. 43, No. 44, No. 45, No. 46, No. 47, No. 48, No. 49, No. 50, No. 51, No. 52, No. 53, No. 54, No. 55, No. 56, No. 57, No. 58, No. 59, No. 60, No. 61, No. 62, No. 63, No. 64, No. 65, No. 66, No. 67, No. 68, No. 69, No. 70, No. 71, No. 72, No. 73, No. 74, No. 75, No. 76, No. 77, No. 78, No. 79, No. 80, No. 81, No. 82, No. 83, No. 84, No. 85, No. 86, No. 87, No. 88, No. 89, No. 90, No. 91, No. 92, No. 93, No. 94, No. 95, No. 96, No. 97, No. 98, No. 99, No. 100, No. 101, No. 102, No. 103, No. 104, No. 105, No. 106, No. 107, No. 108, No. 109, No. 110, No. 111, No. 112, No. 113, No. 114, No. 115, No. 116, No. 117, No. 118, No. 119, No. 120, No. 121, No. 122, No. 123, No. 124, No. 125, No. 126, No. 127, No. 128, No. 129, No. 130, No. 131, No. 132, No. 133, No. 134, No. 135, No. 136, No. 137, No. 138, No. 139, No. 140, No. 141, No. 142, No. 143, No. 144, No. 145, No. 146, No. 147, No. 148, No. 149, No. 150, No. 151, No. 152, No. 153, No. 154, No. 155, No. 156, No. 157, No. 158, No. 159, No. 160, No. 161, No. 162, No. 163, No. 164, No. 165, No. 166, No. 167, No. 168, No. 169, No. 170, No. 171, No. 172, No. 173, No. 174, No. 175, No. 176, No. 177, No. 178, No. 179, No. 180, No. 181, No. 182, No. 183, No. 184, No. 185, No. 186, No. 187, No. 188, No. 189, No. 190, No. 191, No. 192, No. 193, No. 194, No. 195, No. 196, No. 197, No. 198, No. 199, No. 200, No. 201, No. 202, No. 203, No. 204, No. 205, No. 206, No. 207, No. 208, No. 209, No. 210, No. 211, No. 212, No. 213, No. 214, No. 215, No. 216, No. 217, No. 218, No. 219, No. 220, No. 221, No. 222, No. 223, No. 224, No. 225, No. 226, No. 227, No. 228, No. 229, No. 230, No. 231, No. 232, No. 233, No. 234, No. 235, No. 236, No. 237, No. 238, No. 239, No. 240, No. 241, No. 242, No. 243, No. 244, No. 245, No. 246, No. 247, No. 248, No. 249, No. 250, No. 251, No. 252, No. 253, No. 254, No. 255, No. 256, No. 257, No. 258, No. 259, No. 260, No. 261, No. 262, No. 263, No. 264, No. 265, No. 266, No. 267, No. 268, No. 269, No. 270, No. 271, No. 272, No. 273, No. 274, No. 275, No. 276, No. 277, No. 278, No. 279, No. 280, No. 281, No. 282, No. 283, No. 284, No. 285, No. 286, No. 287, No. 288, No. 289, No. 290, No. 291, No. 292, No. 293, No. 294, No. 295, No. 296, No. 297, No. 298, No. 299, No. 300, No. 301, No. 302, No. 303, No. 304, No. 305, No. 306, No. 307, No. 308, No. 309, No. 310, No. 311, No. 312, No. 313, No. 314, No. 315, No. 316, No. 317, No. 318, No. 319, No. 320, No. 321, No. 322, No. 323, No. 324, No. 325, No. 326, No. 327, No. 328, No. 329, No. 330, No. 331, No. 332, No. 333, No. 334, No. 335, No. 336, No. 337, No. 338, No. 339, No. 340, No. 341, No. 342, No. 343, No. 344, No. 345, No. 346, No. 347, No. 348, No. 349, No. 350, No. 351, No. 352, No. 353, No. 354, No. 355, No. 356, No. 357, No. 358, No. 359, No. 360, No. 361, No. 362, No. 363, No. 364, No. 365, No. 366, No. 367, No. 368, No. 369, No. 370, No. 371, No. 372, No. 373, No. 374, No. 375, No. 376, No. 377, No. 378, No. 379, No. 380, No. 381, No. 382, No. 383, No. 384, No. 385, No. 386, No. 387, No. 388, No. 389, No. 390, No. 391, No. 392, No. 393, No. 394, No. 395, No. 396, No. 397, No. 398, No. 399, No. 400, No. 401, No. 402, No. 403, No. 404, No. 405, No. 406, No. 407, No. 408, No. 409, No. 410, No. 411, No. 412, No. 413, No. 414, No. 415, No. 416, No. 417, No. 418, No. 419, No. 420, No. 421, No. 422, No. 423, No. 424, No. 425, No. 426, No. 427, No. 428, No. 429, No. 430, No. 431, No. 432, No. 43



# The Busy Store

## New Arrivals This Week

Several pieces of **SURGE** direct from England at \$2.00 and \$3.00 a yard. These are goods that have been on order for a long time. Be sure and see them.

**MONARCH YARN** of nearly every shade. This is the time to knit that new sweater or scarf. We would like to show you what a big saving can be effected by buying your yarn here and making your own garments.

### MEN !

PANTS	SHIRTS	SHOES
Excellent Values, \$4.00 to \$7.00	Wear like a pigs nose, \$1.25 to \$2.50	Harvest Shoes, \$ 3.75 Work Shoes, 5.50 Slater Invictors, 10.50

### BLANKETS !

6-Grey Blankets \$6. 7-Grey Blankets \$7.50

# Webster Bros.

MOTTO: "Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back"

#### NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that Louie Hong, purchased on August 7th the Standard Restaurant, lot and building, in the village of Standard, from Yuen Yek, and will take possession of same on September 20th, 1919.

Notice is also given that all accounts due by Yuen Yek should be settled with him by September 20 next.

LOUIE HONG.

Cluny, Alberta.

#### Local and District News

Better see Brown's Transfer for coal. They have plenty on hand.

Get your pictures framed by G. W. Evans.

Send all your Job Printing to The Gleichen Call—learn the reason.

A Winnipeg man predicts sugar will yet sell at 20 cents a pound.

### T. H. Beach Auctioneer

Sales Conducted any place in the Province

For terms enquire at Gleichen Harness store. Office phone 3, residence phone 2

### HARDWICK BROS

Range, Snake Valley

Owners of all cattle branded:  
left ribs and hip left ribs right rib  
Horses branded:  
D right hip

P.O. Box 252

GLEICHEN



#### Just Received

A nice assortment of Japanese China, Including:  
Nut Bowls Salad Dishes Berry Bowls Cream and Sugar etc.  
Very attractive designs.  
Prices reasonable.

Gleichen Jewellery Co.  
W. G. S. GOURLAY,  
Manager.  
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

### G.W.V.A.

### DANCE

### Gleichen

### Opera House

SEPT. 7

### Class in Hand Painting

Will be started after September 1st, in oils on velvet silk or academy board, etc.

All those interested can make arrangements with

### Mrs. E. R. Moore

At the residence of L. Mitchell, Gleichen.

35 cents buys a Third Stamp.

### Fruit Growing in The Queenstown District

(Continued from page 1)

very nice when ripe and they are fine for preserving. The other kind is the camrose cherry, a larger red black cherry, juicy and fine tasting. This cherry is a cross between the sand cherry and American plum.

In the plum line I have fruit this year from the Cheney and Opata. Only a few from the former while the Opata trees are loaded with fruit. Opata plums are one of the famous Hansen Hybrids developed by Prof. Hansen of the South Dakota Experimental Station. The fruit is an inch or more in diameter, dark red in color and tastes very nice.

When I began experimenting in the fruit line a few years ago some of my friends laughed and said it could not be done, that I was throwing away my time and money and that I would get rich much quicker by sticking to wheat growing.

Well, they may be right, and I will admit that I have met with very many disappointments. Still, the result to date is such that I consider all my trouble has been well paid, and this is only the beginning. What great possibilities along this line may there not be in Southern Alberta.

While I do not expect that Southern Alberta will ever become famous as a fruit growing country in a commercial way, I fully believe from the results obtained that the time is not distant when every farmer living here can, if he will, raise practically all his own fruit and that means a good deal.

ESTRAY—On the premises of E. A. Wagner, Standard, a s 1-3-23-31-wd, one red steer, little white spot on forehead, part of belly white, weight 1,000 lbs., staggy face, deboned, branded on left hip and right shoulder.

### LOCAL AND GENERAL

Next Monday is Labor Day and a public holiday.

Read Brown's Transfer ad. and make sure of coal for the winter.

When you feel a dose of the blues coming on try a little boosting. It is a sure cure.

The harvest is about over and the threshing started, and some good results are being reported.

Labor Day has been chosen by the Gleichen G.W.V.A. branch for their first dance and you will be there.

The Women's Institute will meet Thursday evening, Sept. 4, at 8 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. R. W. Brown.

Mr. Advertiser would you like to talk about your wares to 1000 people at one time? You can do it by an ad. in The Call.

Mrs. Harrison came down from Calgary to attend the fair and spent a full week visiting her friends. She looks just as young as ever.

"Hearts of Humanity" is to be shown at the Gleichen Opera House on Saturday, Sept. 6th. This is one of the great films that every person wants to see.

The G.W.V.A. dance next Monday night is our boys first attempt to entertain their Gleichen friends and every person will want to see how they do it.

The regular meeting of the Agricultural Association will be held at 8 o'clock, Thursday night, Sept. 4th, when the Fair prizes will be passed upon and paid as soon after as possible.

Before some accident happens the police should see the auto lights regulations are enforced. The blinding glare of many cars is sure to bring disaster sooner or later and now is the time to act.

Sunday the trail to Calgary was crowded with Blackfoot Indians on their way to the stampede. They took along with them their squaws and papooses, besides their entire housekeeping outfits, tents, horses, etc., and will spend the full week.

Brown's Transfer has plenty of coal. Order your winter's supply now and be sure of it.

Mrs. W. H. James, president of the Gleichen Red Cross, requests that all who have work kindly return it to The Call office, as it is desired that all work be sent in to headquarters at once and to wind up the business of the local branch.

The Indian thoroughly believes in enjoying life and nothing will stop him when on pleasure bent. Several ranchers and farmers offered the Indians \$4 and \$5 a day to stay home from the Calgary stampede and work, but money was no temptation for the red men.

N. W. McMillan brought to The Call office on Monday the finest lot of green corn we have seen for many a year and it made great munching. "Mac" was hit hard by hail this summer and his corn shows signs of it, it also shows the fine crops he should have had.

Get the Gleichen Call at the Drug Store.

Subscribe for THE CALL.

Why waste your time talking to one customer when you can tell the same thing to several hundred at one time by an ad. in The Call.

"The Man Hunt" should draw a full house to the Opera House next Saturday night, Aug. 30.



#### Electric Starting and Lighting

NO car has a better starting and lighting system than that now available to purchasers of Ford Cars. It is a Ford product, built into the motor—

—a positive starter as reliable as the motor itself.

—a powerful lighting system, uniform under all engine speeds.

On the open models—Touring Cars and Runabouts—it is OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT.

On closed cars—Sedans and Coupes—it is STANDARD EQUIPMENT.

On all models the Ford Standard Magneto also provides ignition independent of the batteries.

See the Ford car with this new equipment.

Ford Runabout \$660; Touring \$690. On open models the Electric Starting and Lighting Equipment is \$100 extra. Coupes \$775; Sedan \$1175 (closed model prices include Electric Starting and Lighting Equipment). These prices are F.O.B. Ford, Ont. and do not include the War Tax.



August Jensen, Dealer, Standard

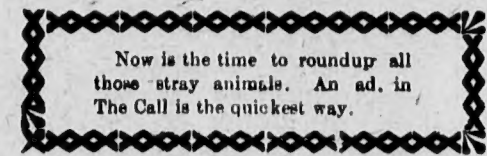
## TO COAL CONSUMERS

Owing to the miners long strike you are no doubt aware of the possible serious coal shortage this winter. Having just returned from a visit to all the best coal fields in Alberta, we have arranged for an unlimited supply of our usual good quality Galt and Newcastle Coal for immediate delivery.

For your winter's supply at reduced prices just phone us and we will do the rest.

### Brown's Transfer Co.

Teaming Gasoline Oils etc.  
Phone 37



GLEICHEN,

ALBERTA

## Hail Insurance

We represent only Old Reliable Companies.

## Henderson & Mallroy

OUR MOTTO:

"Personal Attention"

"Absolute Security"

Gleichen, Alberta

### London Times

History of the Great War

In Eighteen Volumes

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EASY PAYMENTS

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R. M. Stabback  
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G. W. V. A., Gleichen

The Call is on sale at the Cluny Drug Store.